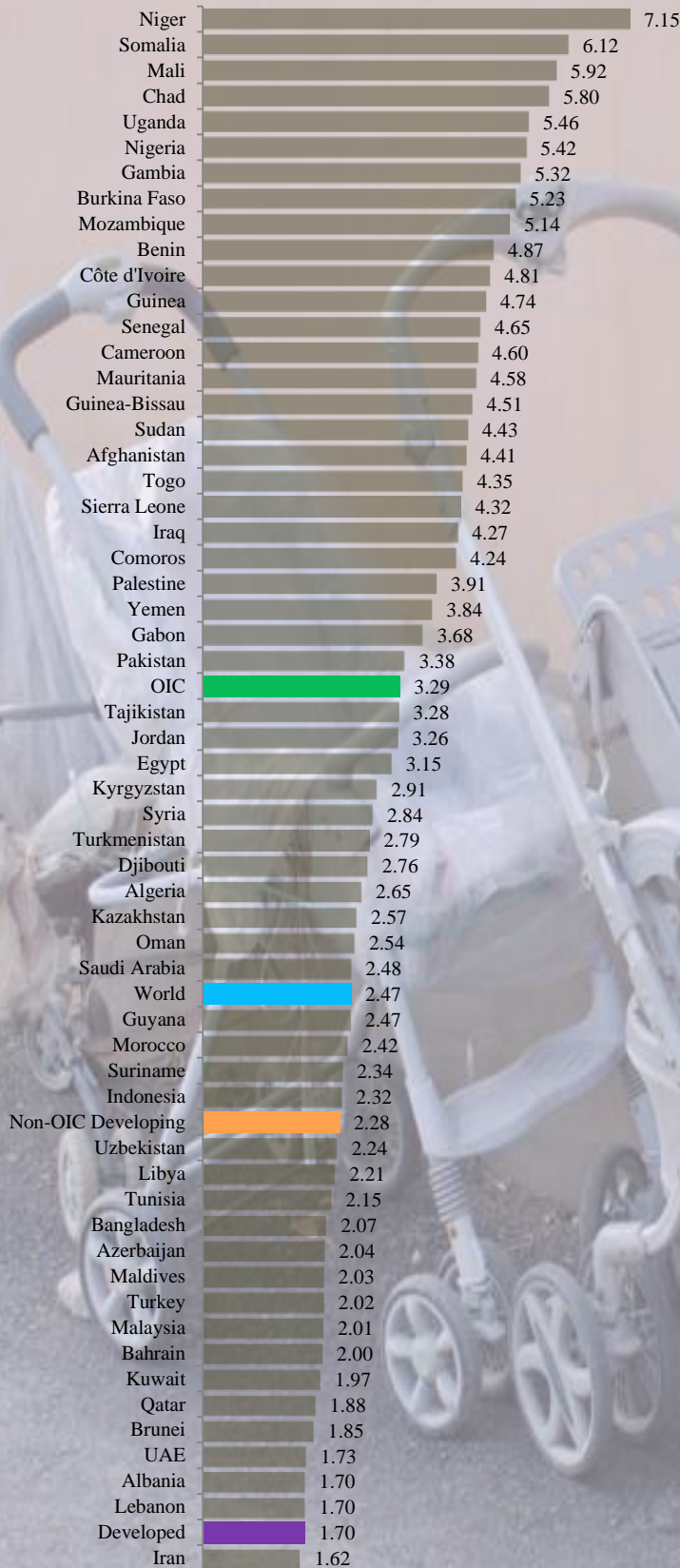


DID YOU KNOW?

Total Fertility Rate (Births per Woman, 2015-2020)



Source: UNDESA Population Division, World Population Prospects 2017 Revision

- ✓ **Total fertility rate (TFR)** represents the number of children that would be born to a woman if she were to live to the end of her childbearing years and bear children in accordance with current age-specific fertility rates. **Sub-replacement fertility rate** is any number lower than (2.1) which is the lowest threshold to sustain current population level; however, in some countries sub-replacement rate can reach (3.4) due to higher mortality rates in these countries.
- ✓ Despite the decline over the last decade, TFR in **OIC countries** on average (**3.29**) is above that of the World (2.47), Non-OIC Developing countries (2.28) and Developed countries (1.70) for the five-year period 2015-2020.
- ✓ TFR is higher than the World average in **37 OIC countries**, **9** of which are estimated to have TFR more than twice of the World average.
- ✓ With more than **7 births per woman**, TFR is estimated to be the highest in **Niger**. **Niger** is followed by **Somalia, Mali, Chad** and **Uganda** where the TFRs are around 6 births.
- ✓ In **20 OIC countries**, TFR is less than the **World** average.
- ✓ Among them, TFR is estimated to be **below the sub-replacement fertility rate of 2.1** in **13 OIC countries** including **Bangladesh, Azerbaijan, Maldives, Turkey, Malaysia, Bahrain, Kuwait, Qatar, Brunei Darussalam, UAE, Albania, Lebanon** and **Iran**.
- ✓ **Iran** is the only OIC country with TFR below the Developed countries average.