

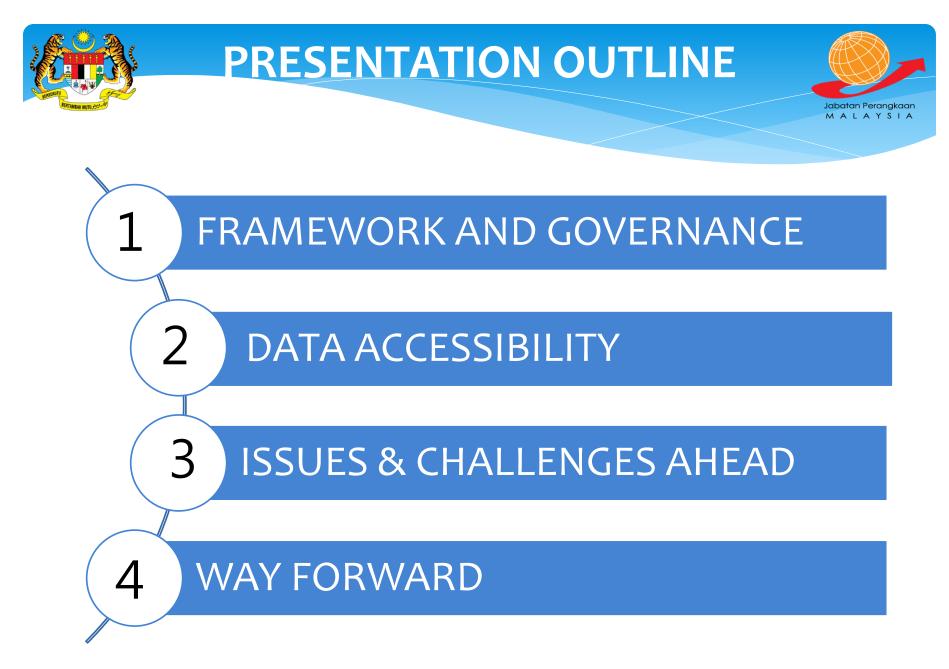


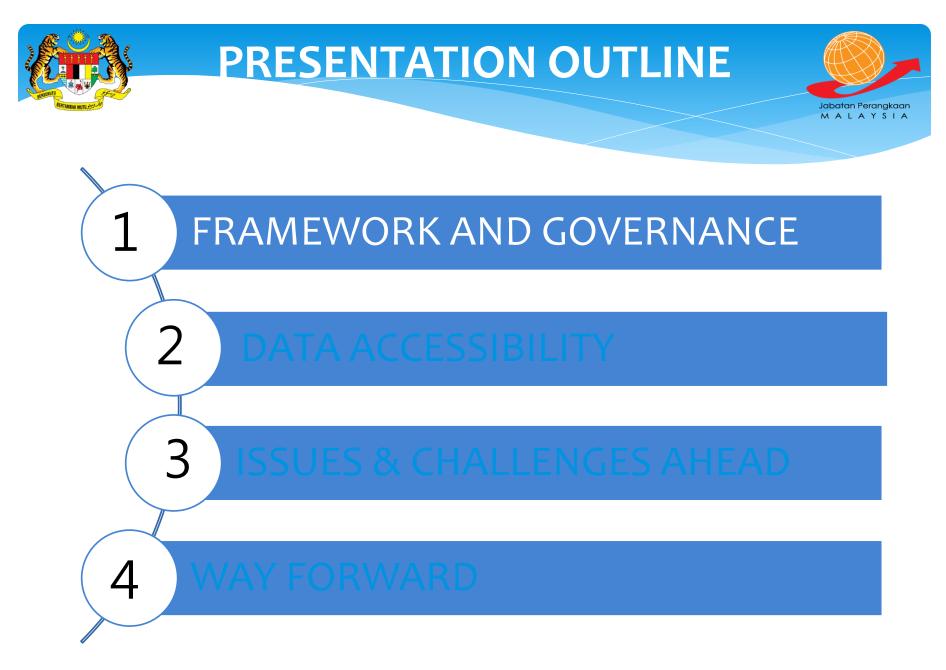
SIXTH SESSION OF THE OIC-STATCOM SESRIC, KONYA

THE ROLE OF DOSM IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDG) INDICATOR FRAMEWORK

EZATUL NISHA ABDUL RAHMAN DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA (DOSM)

5 – 6 November 2016

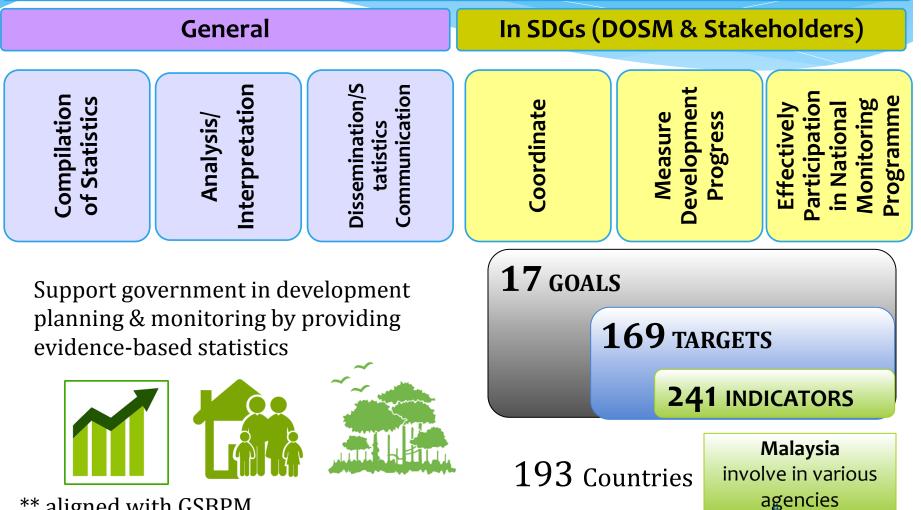






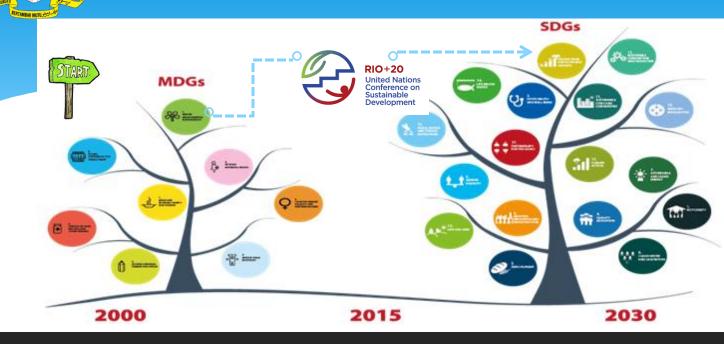


Role of Department of Statistics, Malaysia (DOSM)



** aligned with GSBPM

MDGs Versus SDGs





Development Goals (SDGs): a set of universally applicable goals that balances the three dimensions of sustainable development: environmental, social, and economy

THE INVOLVEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA (DOSM)

MDGs



- Period: 2000 2015 0
- o Involvement: Since 2007-2015
- Focal Point : The coordination of the compiling MDGs indicators
- Member in Technical Working Groups (TWG) for providing MDGs reports at national, ASEAN and International level



5 Hint •~~

- Period : 2016 2030
- o Involvement : April 2015
- Focal Point : The coordination of the development of SDGs indicators 5 mil.
 - Appointed as representative of
 - South-Eastern Asia in High Level Groups (HLG) for SDGs
 - Provide inputs on assessment of SDGs indicators to Philippines (IAEG-SDGs
 - representative of South-Eastern Asia)
 - in the development of SDGs indicators

MDGs Versus SDGs





* Preliminary review of Malaysia's SDGs indicators





SDGs Governance

Inter Agency Expert Group (IAEG)

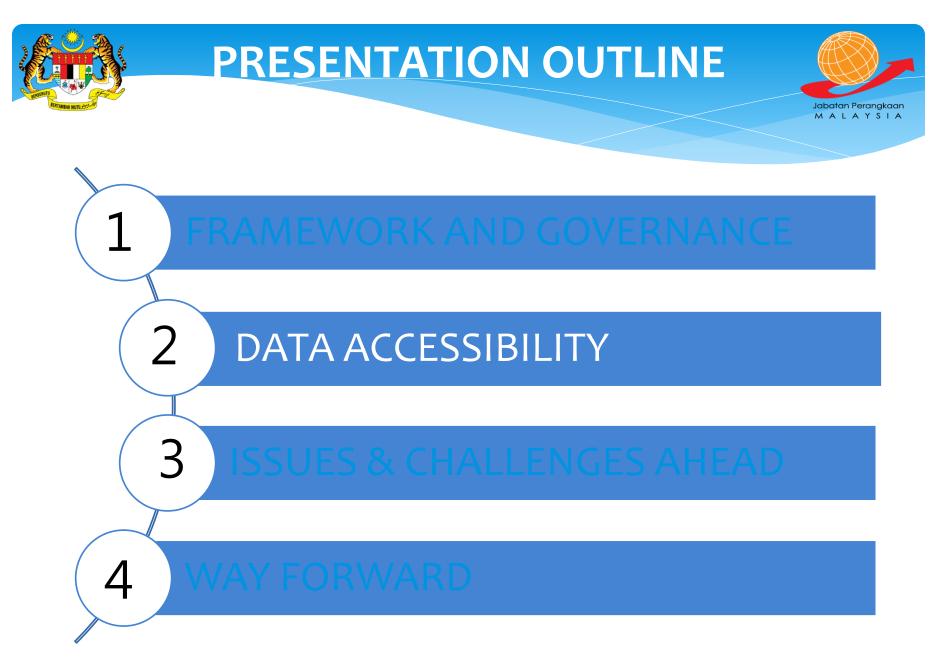
- Develop an indicator framework and a list of indicators for the monitoring of the Goals and targets of the post-2015 development agenda at the global level
- Representative from South-East Asia:
 Philippines

High Level Group (HLG)

- Provide strategic leadership for the SDG implementation process as it concerns statistical monitoring and reporting
- Representative from South-East Asia: Malaysia

47th Session United Nations Statistical Commission (UNSC) on 8-11 March 2016.

The UNSC will review the proposal and submit it to Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) and General Assembly (GA) for adoption.



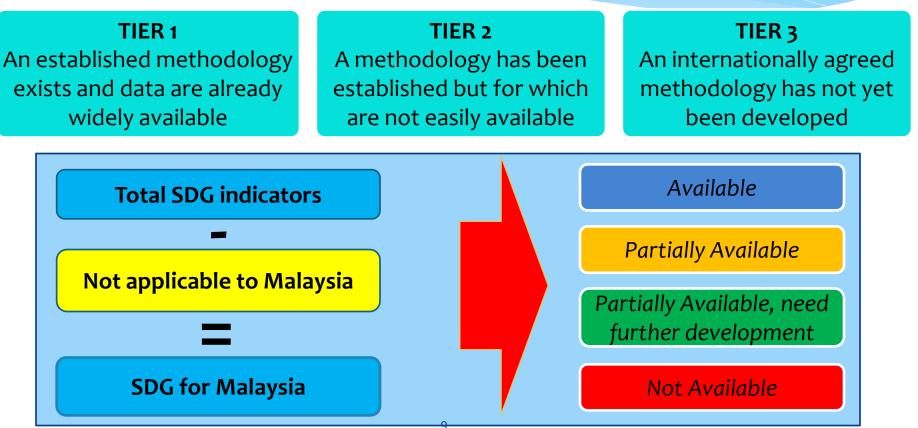


PRELIMINARY REVIEW OF MALAYSIA'S SDGs INDICATORS



CRITERIA USED FOR THE ASSESSMENT OF SDGs INDICATORS

Internationally, the indicators are classified into three (3) tiers:



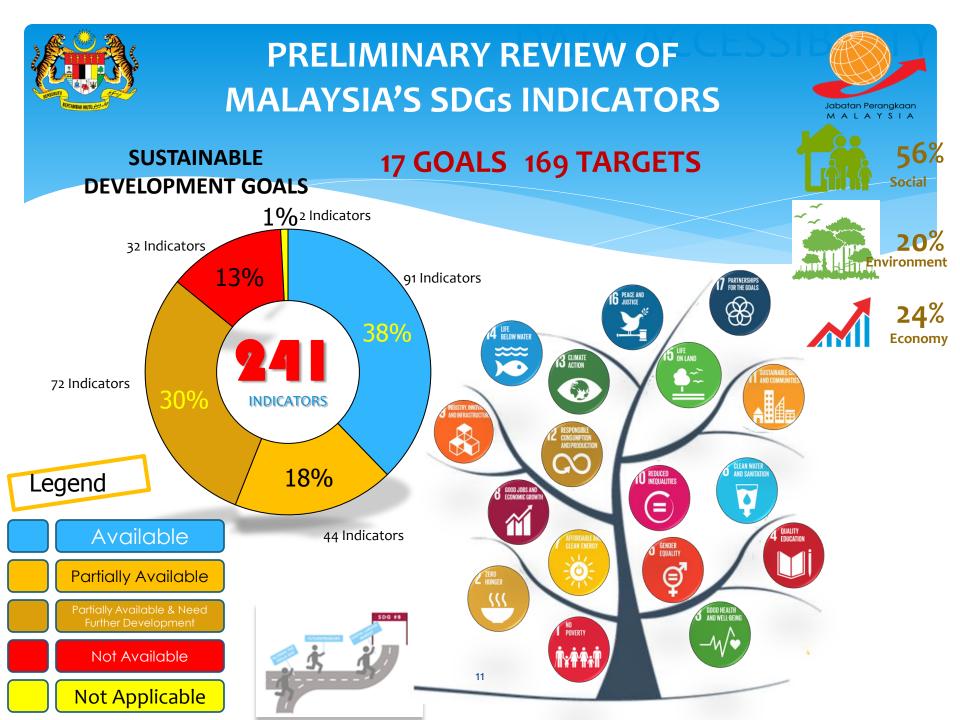


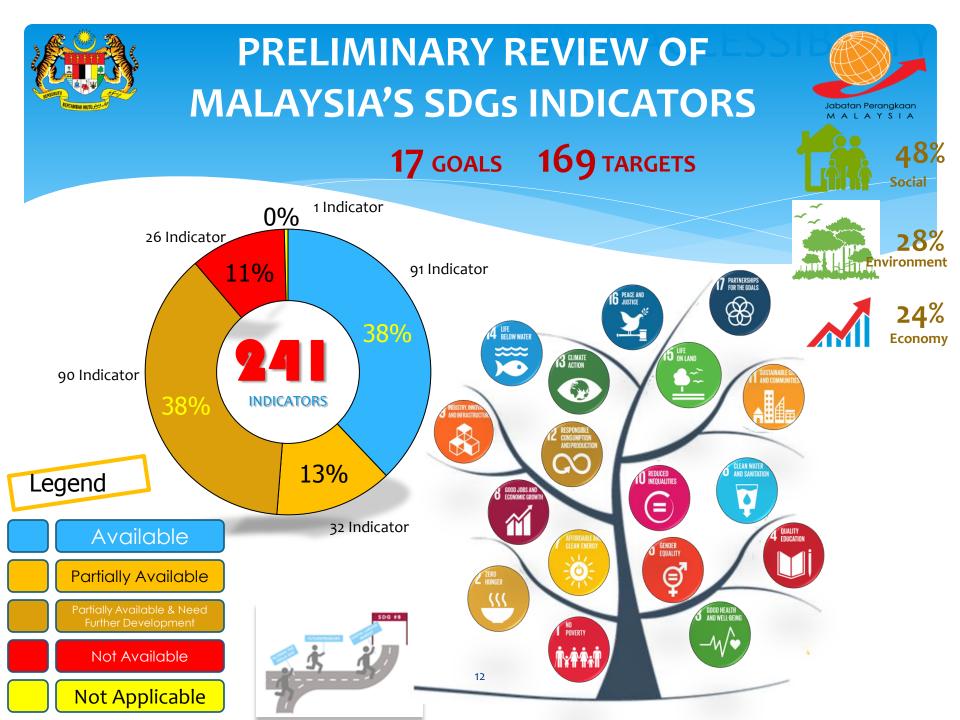
PRELIMINARY REVIEW OF MALAYSIA'S SDGs INDICATORS

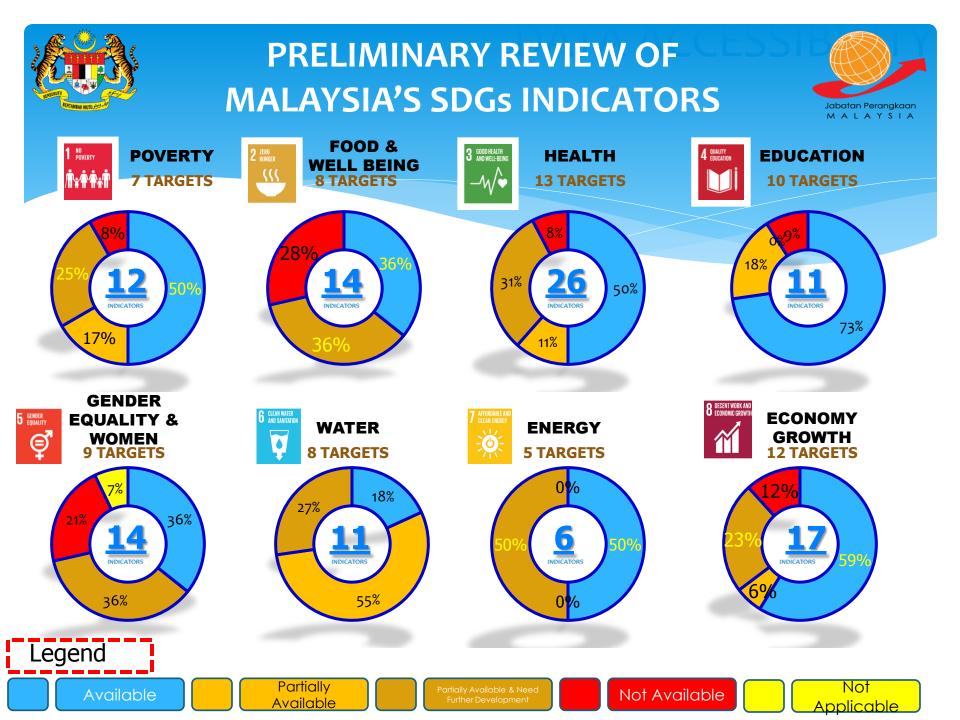


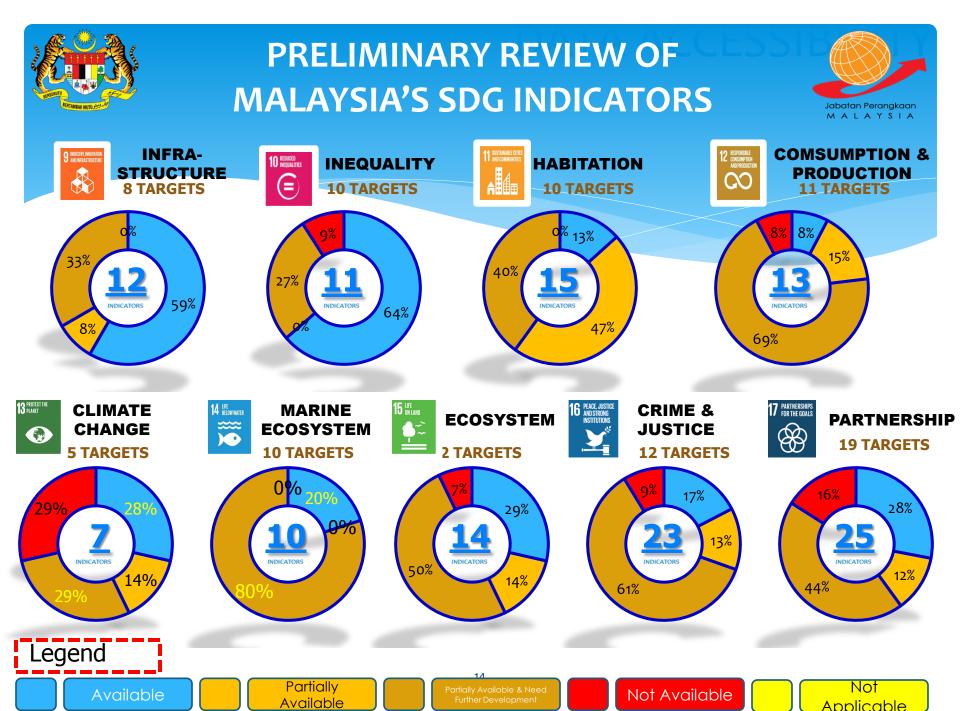
DEFINITION OF CRITERIA USED BY DOSM FOR THE ASSESSMENT OF SDGs INDICATORS

Availability of Data: Criteria Used: Malaysia's tiers:		
Available	Data already exists (at DOSM/Agencies) MDGs Indicators (partially) Metadata clearly defined (Proposed by international experts agencies)	TIER 1 An established methodology exists and data are already widely available
Partially Available	Data partially exists but need to improve the methodology of data collection/coverage etc.	TIER 2
Partially Available, need further development	Derivative of data (ownership of data) Metadata exists (international) and need to suit with Malaysia level	A methodology has been established but for which are not easily available
	Metadata exists (international) but data not	
Not Available	available in Malaysia No metadata (international/Malaysia)	TIER 3 An internationally agreed methodology has not yet been developed
Not Applicable	Need to Be Confirmed with agencies Not suitable to apply in Malaysia	











MAPPING SDGS WITH THE ELEVENTH MALAYSIA PLAN

11MP: Strategic Thrust 1

Enhancing inclusiveness towards an equitable society

Key initiatives Inclusivity ensures all Malaysians benefit from economic growth regardless of gender, ethnicity, socio-economic status, or geographic location

11MP : Strategic Thrust 2

Improving wellbeing for all

Key initiatives

Healthy individuals and happy households, living in cohesive and united communities – this embodies the vision for a socially advanced Malaysia

11MP : Strategic Thrust 3

Accelerating human capital development for an advanced nation Key initiatives

The focus on cradle-to-grave talent development and lifelong learning will improve labour productivity, deliver a higher-skilled workforce, and create a virtuous cycle of job creation, growth and social development

11MP : Strategic Thrust 4 Pursuing green growth for sustainability and resilience Key initiatives

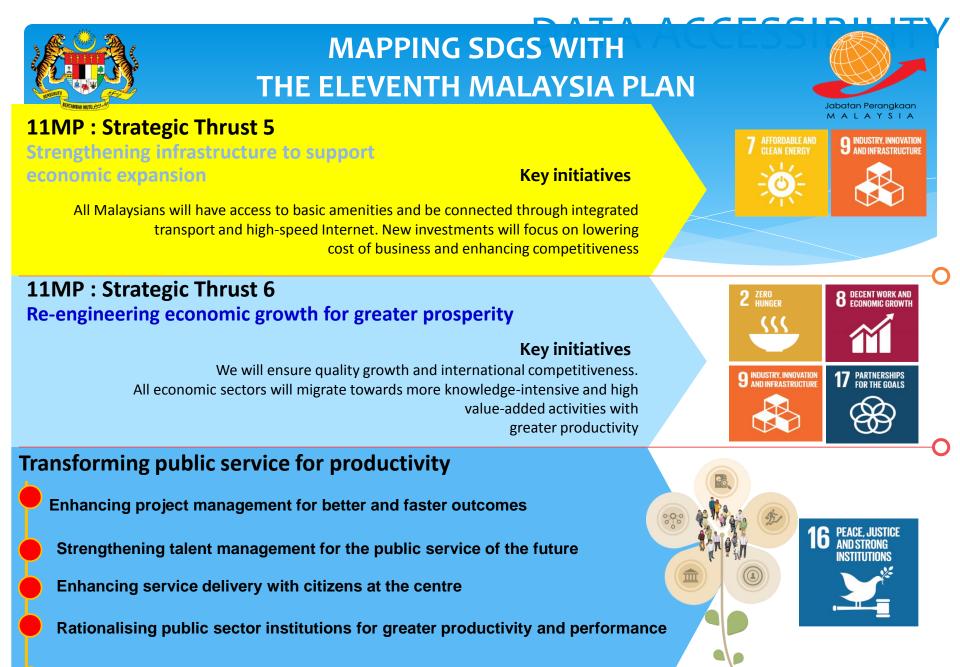
"Green growth" will be a way of life. This will lead to strengthened food, water, and energy security;

lower environmental risks; and ultimately, better wellbeing and quality of life

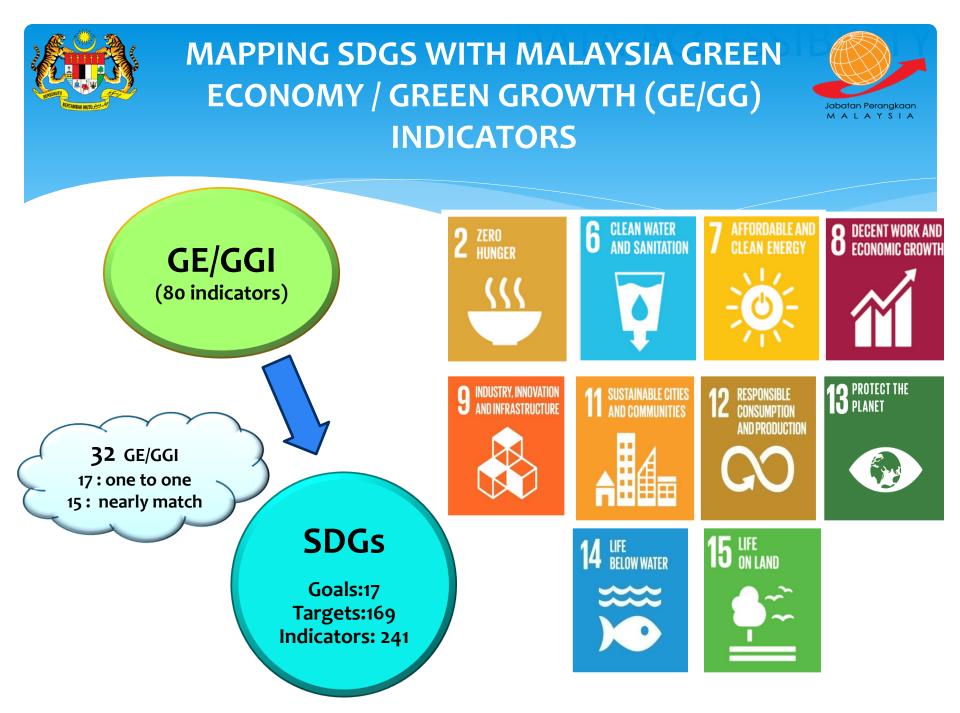








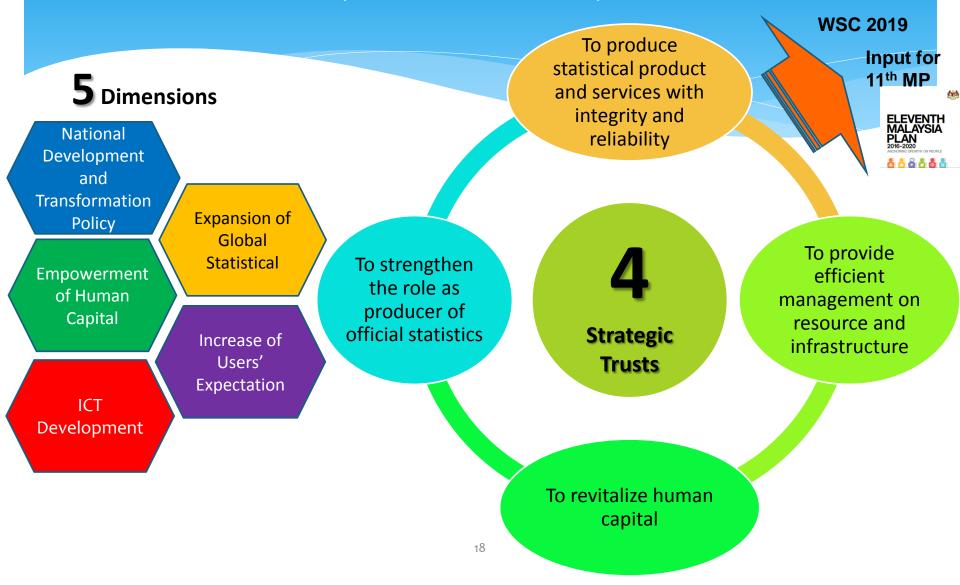
Capitalising on local authorities for quality services at the local level

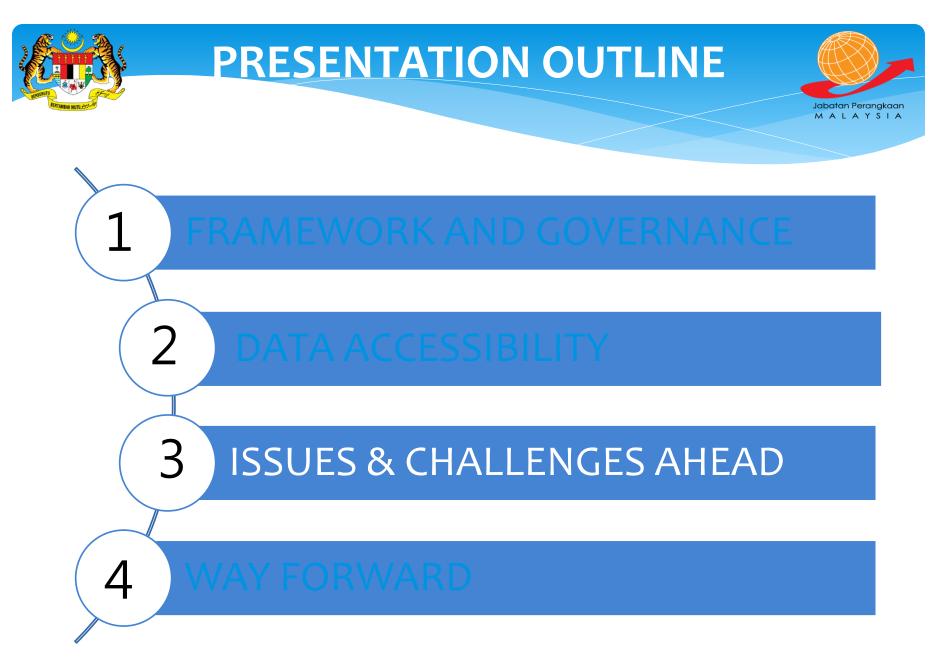


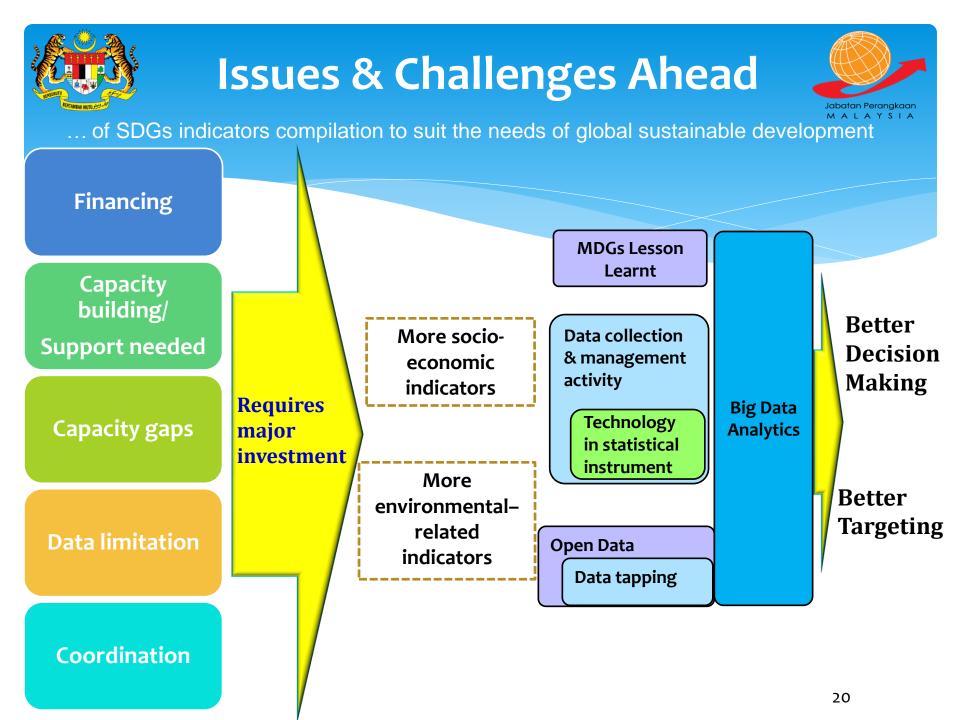


DOSM Transformation Agenda (PTJ 2015-2020)











Issues & Challenges Ahead



... of SDGs indicators compilation to suit the needs of global sustainable development

Financing

- Readily available indicators ensure frequency & consistency
- New indicators need to be developed/ expand
- Need additional human resource

Capacity building/ Support/ Consultancy

- Human capital development
- Standard methodology
- Subject matter expert in specific areas

Poverty Food security Health & Well-being Education & life long learning

Gender equality Environment Economic growth Global partnership

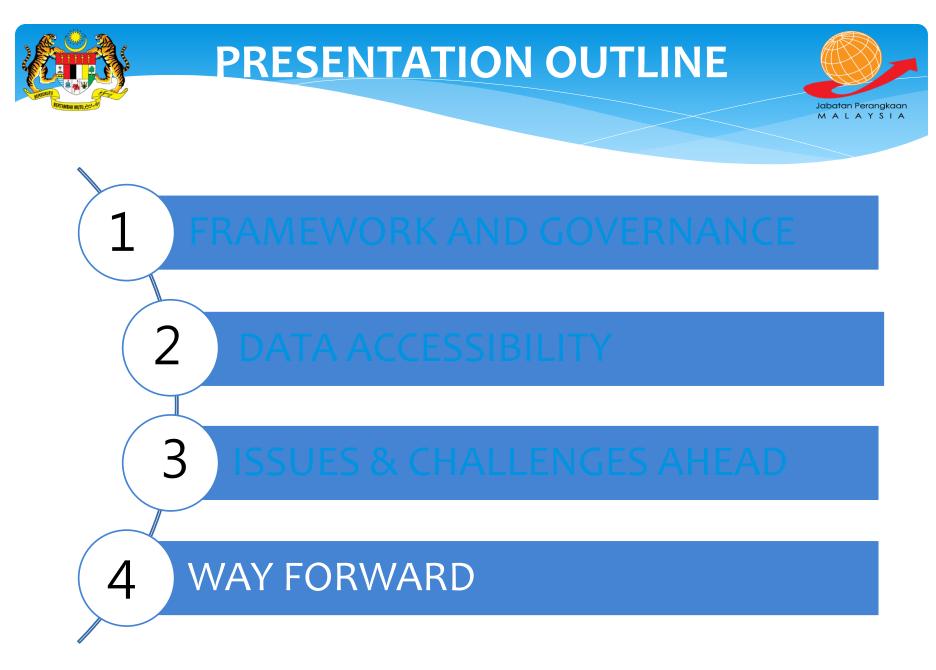


Issues & Challenges Ahead



... of SDGs indicators compilation to suit the needs of global sustainable development

Capacity gaps	 Rotation/New staff Lack of infrastructure (software & hardware)
Data limitation	 Data produced just for specific objectives Level of aggregated data Data exchange between level of governance
Coordination	 Full commitment and collaboration from all related agencies Responsibility Dedicated focal point





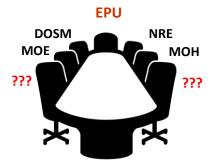
MALAYSIA SDG GOVERNANCE



PROPOSING.....

SDG COMMISSION

STEERING COMMITTEE



Provide the direction and strategic leadership to the development of SDGs 2016-2030

- Top management among agencies
- Policy maker

STEERING COMMITTEE

TECHNICAL COMMITTEE



Provide the technical consultation on the development of indicators SDGs 2016-2030

- Dedicated Focal Point from agencies
- □ Subject matter expert

TECHNICAL COMMITTEE



WAY FORWARD



<u>Create</u> <u>awareness</u> and <u>better</u> <u>understanding</u> on development of SDGs Collaboration from all related agencies to ensure the monitoring & measurement of SDGs indicators 2016 -2030 on tracks:

- Work plan agencies include SDGs priority;
- Commitment;
- Budget Allocation; and
- Focal Point.

National Comprehensive Data Gaps Study at National level

- Workshops;
- Assessment availability of data;
- Investment.

Develop an <u>intergrated</u> <u>database system</u> for data compilation, monitoring, evaluation and reporting

- Cross Agencies or regional
- Data Sharing







