





PEER REVIEWS FOR NSOs in the OIC MEMBER COUNTRIES

19-20 December 2017

Ankara, Turkey



OIC-PEER



Fifth Session of OIC-StatCom in May 2015

The importance of M&E to better plan and coordinate the future strategies of NSOs.

"Peer Review for National Statistical Offices in the OIC Member Countries (OIC-Peer)"

- Enhancing the **credibility** of the NSOs of OIC Member Countries
- ✓ Strengthening the **capacity** of NSSs of OIC Member Countries to produce high-quality statistics.
- ✓ Reassuring stakeholders about the **quality of data** that the NSS produces and the trustworthiness of the NSS.
- ✓ Encouraging OIC Member Countries to benefit from the Peer Review mechanism to objectively learn the strengths (including the identification of innovative practices) and weaknesses of their NSOs and to get effective recommendations to improve their systems.





TITLE	FACILITATOR	AIMS	COUNTRIES
Peer Reviews (PR)	Eurostat	 to assess compliance of the reviewed National Statistical Institute (NSI) with principles 1-6 and 15 of the European Statistics Code of Practices (CoP), to evaluate the coordination role of the NSI within the statistical system, to highlight transferable practices suitable to foster compliance with the CoP, and to recommend improvement actions needed in view of fully complying with the Code. 	 Albania LPR: 2013 and 2015 Jordan PR: 2017 Palestine LPR: 2012 Turkey LPR: 2011 PR: 2015





TITLE	FACILITATOR	AIMS	COUNTRIES
Global Assessments (GA)	Eurostat	 to assess the administrative and technical capacity of the reviewed statistical systems, to assess the statistical law and other legal acts and its respect of the European and international recommendations and principles, to assess the mechanisms used by the NSI to coordinate the statistical system, to review the medium and long-term planning, mechanisms in place, to propose a list of actions to be undertaken, and to assess the statistical production against the European/international standards in statistics. 	 Albania (2010) Azerbaijan (2009, 2016/2017) Kazakhstan (2008, 2017) Kyrgyzstan (2011) Tajikistan (2013) Tunisia (2014) Turkey (2002)





TITLE	FACILITATOR	AIM	COUNTRIES
Peer Reviews on African NSSs	PARIS21	 to ensure that good practice passes from country to country, based on the firsthand experience of peers, to help accelerate the change processes in reforming statistical systems the focus of this peer reviews is on governance of the National Statistical System (NSS), its organisation, strategic planning, service to users, funding, and sustainability. 	 Benin (2010) Reviewer: Burundi and Guinea Benin as Reviewer for Congo in 2010 Burkina Faso (2009) Reviewer: Cameroon and Niger Indonesia as Reviewer for Cambodia in 2016 Cameroon (2015) Reviewer: Chad and Senegal Cote d'Ivoire (2017) Reviewer: Cameroon and Senegal





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TITLE	FACILITATOR	AIMS	COUNTRIES
Sector Review (SR) of Labour Force Survey	Eurostat	 to assess the administrative and technical capacity of the NSI to produce high quality statistics on the labour force, to assess the statistical production of labour fource survey against the acquis 	Egypt (2014)Jordan (2014)Tunisia (2015)



OIC-PEER PROJECT TIMELINE



NO	ACTIVITY	TIMELINE
1	Organisation of Virtual Meetings	March & April 2016
2	Organisation of the Expert Group Meeting (EGM)	3 November 2016
3	Organisation of a Roundtable Meeting (RM)	4 November 2016
4	OIC-Peer Review Inclination Survey (OPRIS) Design, Circulation, Collection and Collation of OPRIS	December 2016 – September 2017
5	Organisation of a Workshop on Peer Review	19-20 December 2017





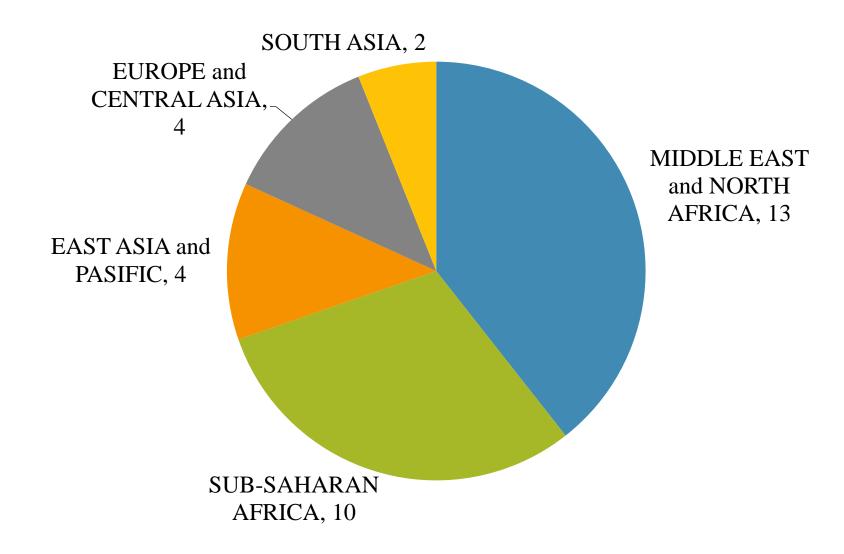
- The Centre circulated a survey in **January 2017** called 'OIC-Peer Review **Inclination Survey (OPRIS)**' to the NSO of OIC Member Countries with the aim to learn the current situation on the implementation of Peer Reviews.
- As of December 2017, **25 countries** have submitted the completed survey.

STATUS	PARTS	INSTITUTION COUNT	COUNTRY
COMPLETE	INTRODUCTION	33	AFGHANISTAN, ALBANIA, BAHRAIN, BANGLADESH, BENIN, BRUNEI, CAMEROON, CHAD, COTE D'IVOIRE, EGYPT (2), GABON, INDONESIA, IRAN, IRAQ, JORDAN, KUWAIT, LIBYA, MALAYSIA, MOZAMBIQUE, NIGER, NIGERIA, OMAN, PAKISTAN, PALESTINE, SAUDI ARABIA, SUDAN, TAJIKISTAN, TOGO, TUNISIA, TURKEY, UAE, UGANDA, YEMEN
	OPRIS	25	AFGHANISTAN, ALBANIA, BAHRAIN, BANGLADESH, BENIN, CAMEROON, COTE D'IVOIRE, CHAD, EGYPT (2), GABON, INDONESIA, IRAN, MALAYSIA, MOZAMBIQUE, NIGER, NIGERIA, PAKISTAN, PALESTINE, SAUDI ARABIA, TAJIKISTAN, TOGO, TUNISIA, TURKEY, UAE, UGANDA
	INTRODUCTION	0	NONE
INCOMPLETE	OPRIS	8	Q2.1: SUDAN Q2.2: OMAN Q2.3: IRAQ, JORDAN, LIBYA Q7: KUWAIT Q7.2: BRUNEI (ASK FOR THEIR STRATEGIC PLAN/NSDS) Q9: YEMEN





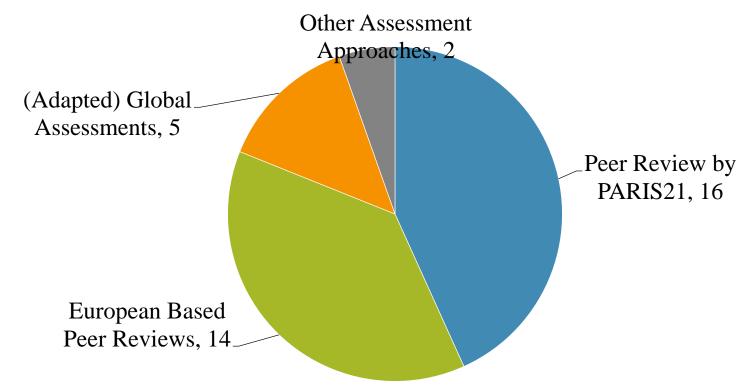
Respondents by Region







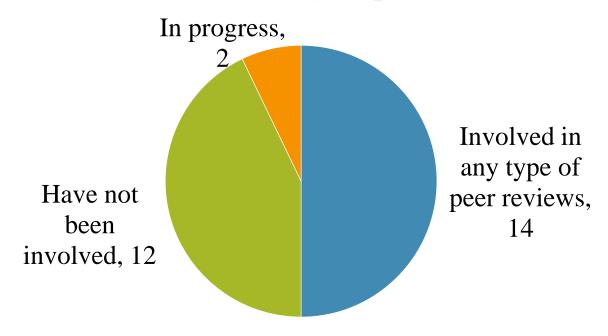
- 24 countries (74% of the total respondent countries) aware of any peer review approach for NSOs conducted by international organisations while the other 9 countries are not.
- Peer review facilitated by PARIS21 is mostly known by the respondent countries.



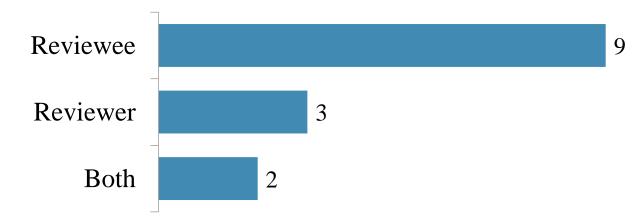




Countries Involvement in Any Type of Peer Review Processes



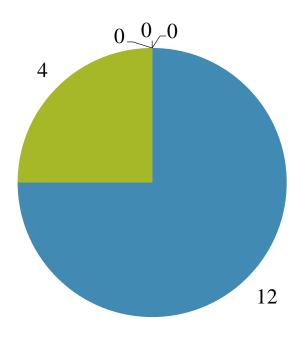
• Countries' Experiences in Peer Review Processes







Benefit of Peer Reviews



- Very beneficial
- Somewhat beneficial
- Neutral
- Not very beneficial
- Not at all

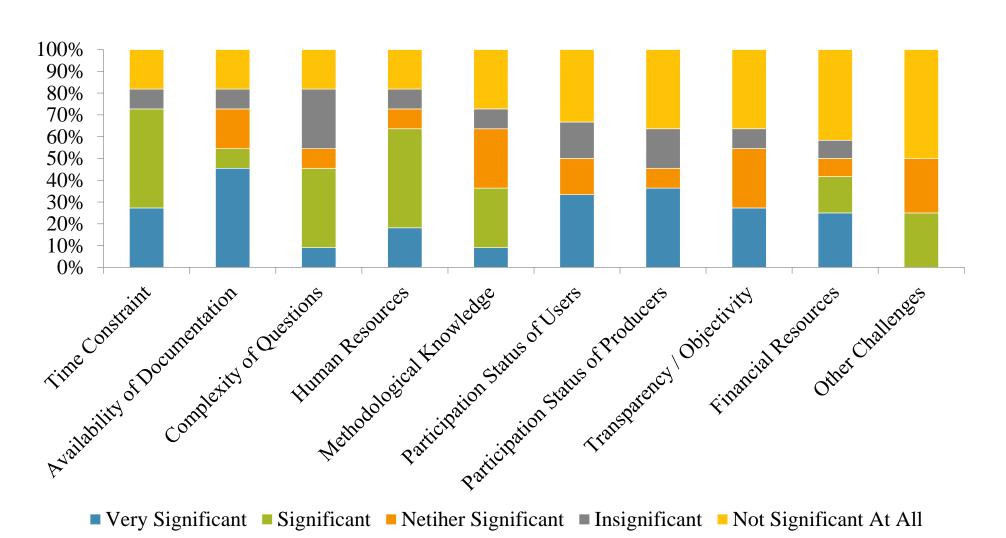
Countries Reasons Concerning the Benefit of Peer Review

No	Reason			
1	The PR assessment is used as a strategic document for future			
	development of statistical legal framework, enhancing the			
	professional independence, quality of official statistics and			
	the image of the institution.			
2	Sharing experiences allows us to improve by finding			
	innovative solutions to the problems we face that are			
	resolved by our peers in their context.			
3	At the end of the peer review, very <i>important</i>			
	recommendations were made, the implementation of which			
	could significantly improve the National Statistical System.			
4	Enriching exchanges between the actors of the National			
	Statistical System (NSS); Identification of the strengths and			
	weaknesses of the NSS; Proposal of recommendations;			
	Establishment of a mechanism for monitoring			
	recommendations; etc.			





 Challenges Faced by the Respondent Countries during Peer Review Process

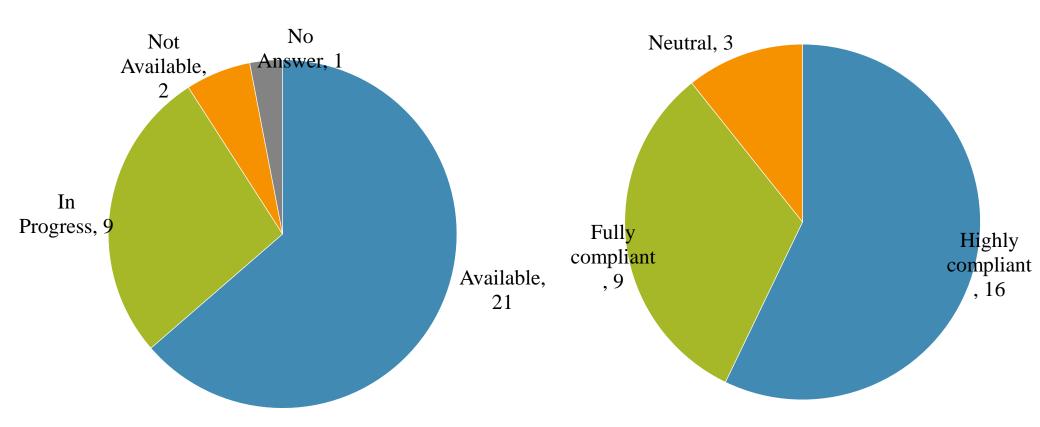






 Availability of NSDS or Strategic Plan in the Country

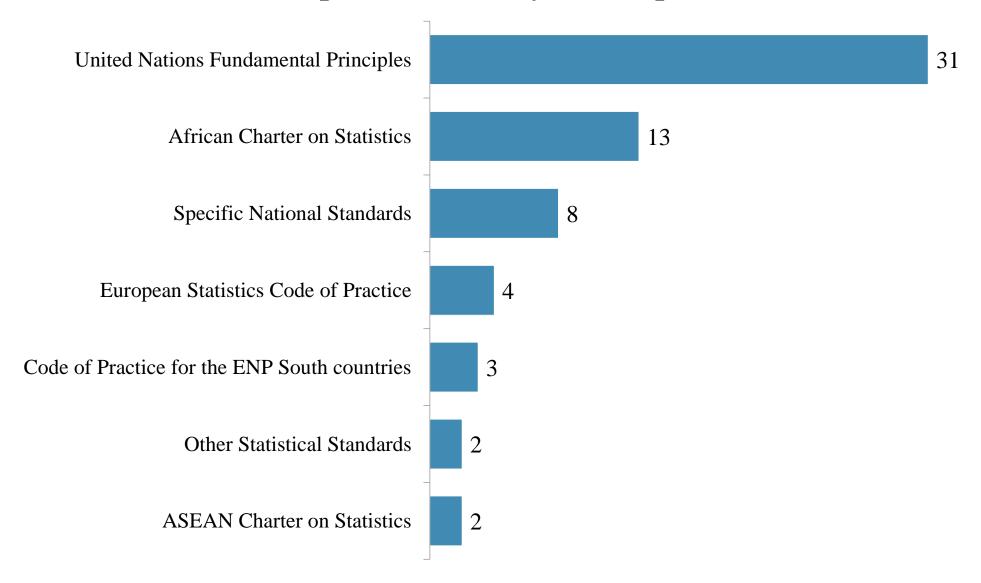
 Countries' NSDS Compliancy with National Development Plan







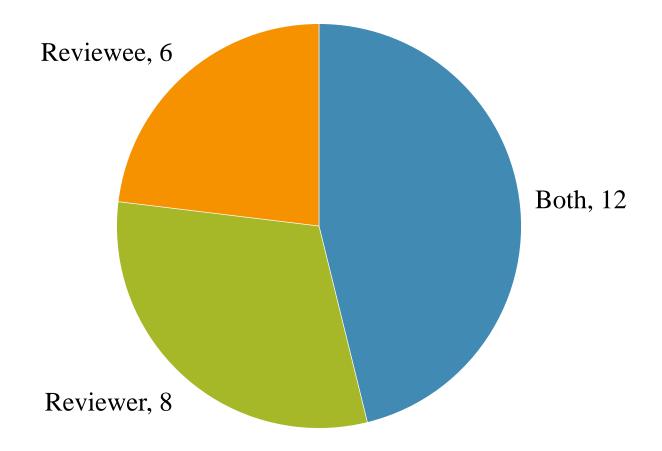
Fundamental Principles Followed by the Respondent Countries







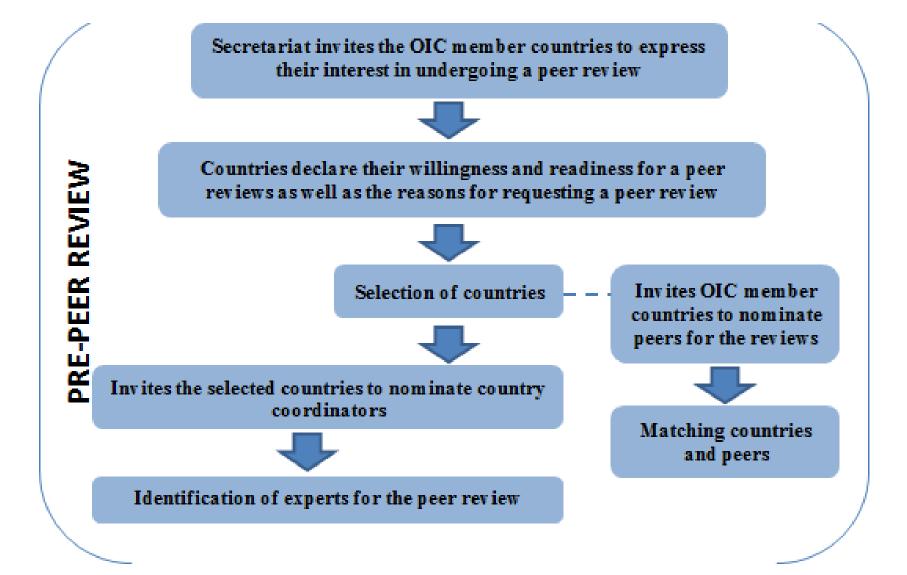
• Countries' Interests to be Part of the Peer Review Process/Project





PROPOSED PHASES OF PEER REVIEW

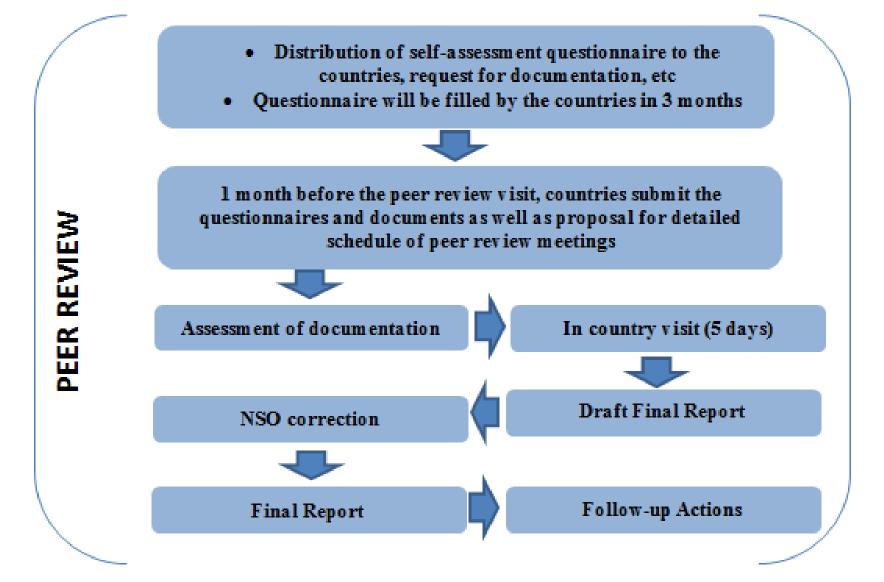






PROPOSED PHASES OF PEER REVIEW







THANK YOU





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