



# **OIC-STATCOM**

# **STRATEGIC VISION**

# **DOCUMENT**

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# Outline

- I. Background on the Working Group on OIC-StatCom Strategic Vision
- II. Three Main Issues in the Strategic Vision
- III. Where the OIC-StatCom is?
- IV. Where the OIC-StatCom Wants to Go?
- V. How to Get There?



# I. Background on the Working Group on OIC-StatCom Strategic Vision

- Meeting of the NSOs of the OIC Member States in Istanbul on 22-23 March 2010
- First Session of the OIC-StatCom on 11-12 April 2011 in Istanbul
- Three working groups were established including WG2 OIC-StatCom Strategic Vision
- Lead Country: Indonesia
- Members: Bangladesh, Egypt, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Morocco, Palestine, Senegal, Turkey together with SESRIC and IDB



## **II. Three Main Issues in the Strategic Vision**

Strategic vision is a document primarily describing:

- **Where the OIC-StatCom is?**
- **Where the OIC-StatCom Wants to Go?**
- **How to Get There?**



### III. Where the OIC-StatCom is?

This section includes the following sections:

- *Introduction*
- *Challenges*



# Introduction

- Brief information about OIC and the reason for establishing OIC-StatCom
- The importance of OIC-StatCom Strategic Vision Document
- Establishment of WG2 to develop the Strategic Vision Document
- The function of the Strategic Vision Document





# Challenges (1)

- **The following as challenges faced by the NSOs of the OIC Member States:**
  - 1. Different levels of statistical development among the OIC regions*
  - 2. Lack of human resources with strong technological and sustainable management skills*
  - 3. Mismatch between increases in budgetary resource allocations for statistical activities and demands for statistical services from different stakeholders*
  - 4. Difficulties in assuring data quality*
  - 5. Accelerating supply of non-official statistics*



## Challenges (2)

- **The following as challenges faced by the NSOs of the OIC Member States:**
  6. *Weak communication between the NSOs and data users*
  7. *Insufficient usage of evidence in decision-making*
  8. *Limited awareness in statistic*
  9. *Lack of dynamism in the operations of NSOs*
  10. *Inadequate collaboration and coordination within NSSs and at OIC level*





# Challenges (3)

## 1. Different levels of statistical development among the OIC regions

- *Every NSO within OIC strives to improve the availability and quality of their data*
- *Statistical capacity development programmes at international level is highly needed to minimize the different levels of statistical development among OIC regions*



# Challenges (4)

## 2. Lack of human resources with strong technological and sustainable management skills

- *Need for human resources with strong a mastery of:*
  - *technology, especially Information and Communication Technology*
  - *Modern management methods*
  - *Foreign language skills*



# Challenges (5)

## **3. Mismatch between increases in budgetary resource allocations for statistical activities and demands for statistical services from different stakeholders**

- *Activities of NSOs are based on a budgetary approach → activities are limited by budgets*
- *Increased demands for services of NSOs are not matched with increase in budget*
- *Increasing workload of NSOs due to the overlapping data demands from national and international stakeholders*

# Challenges (6)

## 4. Difficulties in assuring data quality

- *Increasing data demand from diversified group of data users*
- *NSOs need to conduct numerous surveys and censuses which cause respondent burden*
- *This burden may have negative impact on data quality*
- *NSOs need to spend more resources including time, money, and manpower to monitor the response burden and set targets for its reduction*

# Challenges (7)

## 5. Accelerating supply of non-official statistics

- *Non-official statistical data providers are becoming an alternative source of information for data in recent years*



# Challenges (8)

## 6. Weak communication between the NSOs and data users

- *Due to the lack of desired level of healthy communication between the NSOs and data users, data users sometimes interpret statistical data inaccurately*
- *Data users use data to fit their purposes (purpose oriented)*
- *NSOs need to give emphasis on both the production of official statistics and the outreach to data users in interpreting and using the data accurately*



# Challenges (9)

## 7. Insufficient usage of evidence in decision-making

- *Challenges in the establishment of evidence-based decision making systems*
  - *Low levels of budget available for NSOs*
  - *Lack of action-based national policies*
  - *Ineffective statistical advocacy programs*



# Challenges (10)

## 8. Limited awareness in statistics

- *The society is not aware of the role of NSOs in the production of high quality and timely statistical information*



# Challenges (11)

## 9. Lack of dynamism in the operations of NSOs

- *NSOs face difficulties in adapting to the current emerging social and economy situations*
- *Lack of dynamism influences the innovation and productivity in the operations of NSOs*



# Challenges (12)

## **10. Inadequate collaboration and coordination within NSSs and at OIC level**

- *The statistical collaboration and coordination within the NSSs of OIC member states and at the OIC level are inadequate*



## IV. Where the OIC-StatCom Wants to Go?

This section includes the following sections:

- *Mission of the OIC-StatCom*
- *Values and Guiding Principles*
- *Vision of the OIC-StatCom for 2020*



## Mission of the OIC-StatCom (1)

### **“To ensure quality statistics at the OIC level”**

The mission of the OIC-StatCom is to be a platform for the National Statistical Systems of the OIC Member States by:

- *strengthening NSOs and NSSs of the OIC Member States while enhancing their competencies through statistical capacity development programs;*
- *coordinating the statistical cooperation and collaboration activities within and among the OIC Member States and regional/international statistical organizations;*
- *enhancing quality official statistics that are relevant, accurate, timely, accessible, comparable, and coherent in the OIC Member States;*



## Mission of the OIC-StatCom (2)

- *sharing knowledge and exchanging experiences and best practices while being guided by the objectives and principles to strengthen the solidarity and cooperation among the Member States;*
- *raising the profile of statistics in the OIC Member States for a better allocation of human and financial resources.*

# Values and Guiding Principles

- **Values of OIC-StatCom are:**
- **Professionalism** (excellence and competence)
  - Competency, innovativeness, pioneerism, effectiveness, efficiency, enthusiasm, having systematic approach
- **Integrity** (ethics in statistics reflected in transparent honesty)
  - Responsibility, dedication, consistency, discipline, openness, confidentiality, and accountability)
- **Togetherness** (establishing close relationship among OIC member states)
  - Cooperation, communication, solidarity, and harmony
- **Ten Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics, adopted by the United Nations in 1994, as guiding principles of OIC-StatCom**

## **“Trustworthy and Responsive Statistical Data for All”**

- *To become an effective platform of sharing and exchanging knowledge, experiences and best practices present and available in the OIC Member States*
- *To collect all cooperation and collaboration activities regarding statistical capacity development*
- *To become the apex body of the OIC*
- *To produce an accreditation system for professional official statisticians*

## V. How to Get There?

This section includes the following section:

– *Strategic Objectives*



# Strategic Objectives (1)

- Four main strategic objectives items:
  - *Statistical capacity development*
  - *Coordination of statistical cooperation and collaboration among NSOs, OIC-StatCom, regional and international organizations*
  - *Development of common methodologies for indicators specific to the OIC Member States*
  - *Accreditation of statistical professionals*



# Strategic Objectives (2)

- *Statistical capacity development (1)*

- Prepare an OIC-StatCom framework for supporting the NSS of the OIC Member States in accordance with their development priorities
- Develop a clear-structured governance mechanism
- Harmonize levels of statistical development of OIC Member States on the basis of Statistical Work Program
- Ameliorate the professional skills of the staff by organizing training programs and constructing platforms for offering e-learning programs
- Share “Lessons Learnt” and “Success Stories” regarding the experiences gained and challenges faced by the OIC-StatCom members
- Exchange knowledge on particular topics of interest, and new statistical fields and indicators



# Strategic Objectives (3)

- *Statistical capacity development (2)*
  - Develop statistical awareness and outreach programs for the public and media workers
  - Promote the design and implementation of national education curricula to bring statistical literacy to students of primary and secondary education levels
- Develop effective dissemination and communication systems including the usage of social media
- Transform the current working conditions of NSOs into learning environments
- Encourage NSOs to communicate with higher education institutions to develop and strengthen academic curricula satisfying the needs of NSOs, encourage and support instructors-in-training in the Faculties of Education in using their services and products in class activities.

## Strategic Objectives (4)

- *Coordination of statistical cooperation and collaboration among NSOs, OIC-StatCom, regional and international organisations*
  - Initiate cooperation and collaboration programmes
  - Take a strong leadership role to promote close collaboration and cooperation among the OIC-StatCom, other relevant OIC bodies and relevant stakeholders
  - Strengthen the cooperation among OIC-StatCom and other national, regional, and international stakeholders
  - Support the production of regional strategies by regional and international stakeholders

## Strategic Objectives (5)

### *–Development of Common Methodologies for Indicators Specific to the OIC Member States*

- Promote harmonisation of concepts, classifications and methodologies used in performing statistical activities
- Identify priority areas specific to the OIC Member States and develop conceptual and methodological background for the selected indicators
- Develop a quality assurance framework for the NSOs of OIC Member States



## Strategic Objectives (6)

### *–Accreditation of statistical professionals*

- Develop conceptual and methodological background of the accreditation program for professional official statisticians
- Encourage the certification of expertise and knowledge under an official context for the professional conduct of statistical work of statistical specialists working for the organizations of the OIC Member States



Thank you

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