

Tobacco Prevalence in OIC Member Countries

6th National Conference on Tobacco or Health June 20, 2012 Erzurum, Turkey

Outline

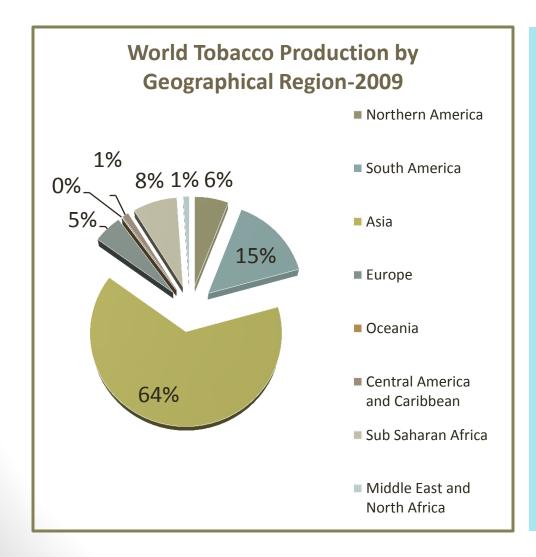


- Current Stance of Tobacco in OIC
 - Tobacco Production by OIC Member Countries
 - Tobacco Trade of OIC Member Countries
 - Taxation

- ➤ Smoking Prevalence and Smokeless Tobacco
- ➤ Youth and Tobacco

Tobacco Production



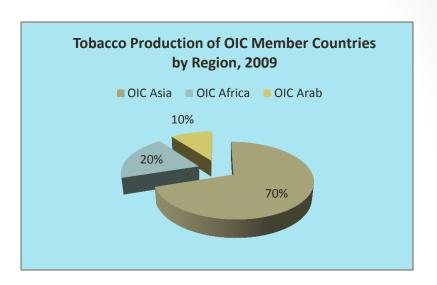


- Each year more than 7
 million tons of tobacco is
 produced through the world
- Asia with 4.5 million tons of production is the leading producer
- Followed by South America with 1.1 million tons
- Compared to these two regions, the others produce relatively small amount of the world tobacco, Oceania being the smallest producer.

Tobacco Production



	Tonnes (thousand)	%
World	7127	100
OIC	671	9.4
OIC Asia	469	6.5
OIC Africa	132	1.8
OIC Arab	69	0.9



- OIC Member Countries, with 0.7 million tonnes of total production each year, hold a small portion of the overall production (9.4%)
- OIC Member Countries produced 671 thousand tonnes
- 469 thousands by OIC Asian
- 132 thousand tonnes by OIC African
- 69 thousand tonnes by OIC Arab Countries

Tobacco Production

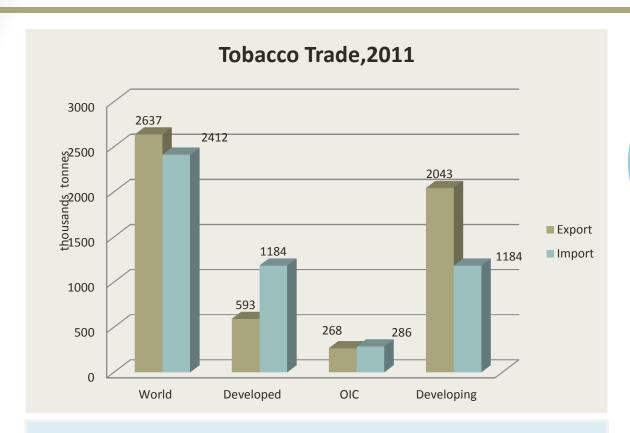


Tobacco Production in OIC 200000 180000 160000 140000 120000 000000 80000 60000 40000 20000 Albania Vallerian Valleria Jüliga Lited Nobels of States S. The state of th

- With 180 thousads tonnes
 of production Indonesia is
 the leading country in
 tobacco production in OIC
 Member Countries also
 take the 6th rank in World
 ranking.
- Pakistan, 105 thousands tonnes tobacco produced and take the 2nd rank in OIC (9th in World)
- Turkey produced 85 thousands tonnes tobacco and take the 3rd rank in OIC (11th in World)

Tobacco Trade





Global
tobacco trade increased

5 millions
tonnes

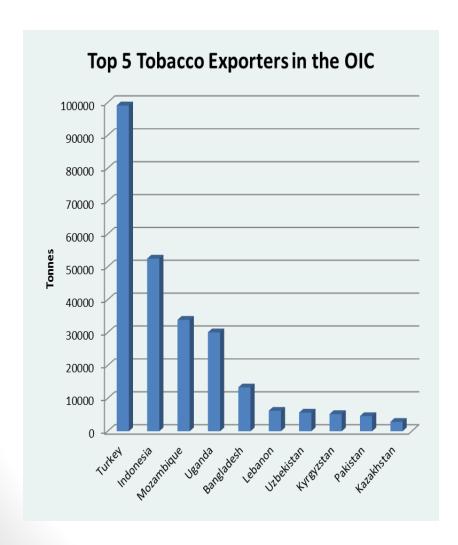
With 0.5 million tonnes production of tobacco in 2011, the OIC countries accounted for almost 10 per cent of the world production.



Trade of Tobacco Products of the Developing Countries reached to the 3 million tonnes, whereas Developed Countries amounted to the 1.6 millions tonnes.

Tobacco Trade

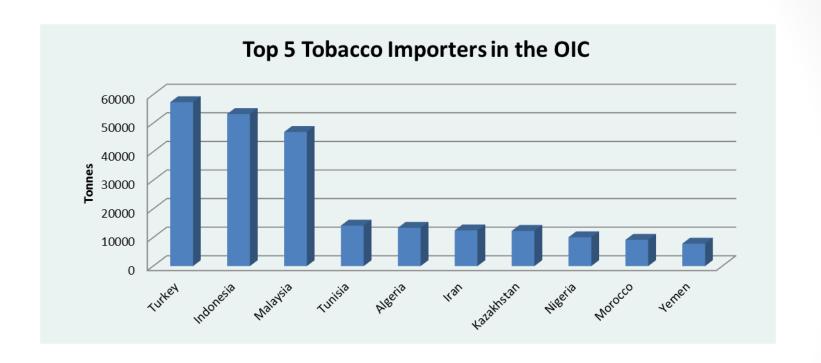




- In 57 Member Countries,
 Turkey is has the highest rank with the export of more than 90 thousands tonnes of tobacco products.
- Followed by Indonesia,
 Mozambique, Uganda and Bangladesh.

Tobacco Trade

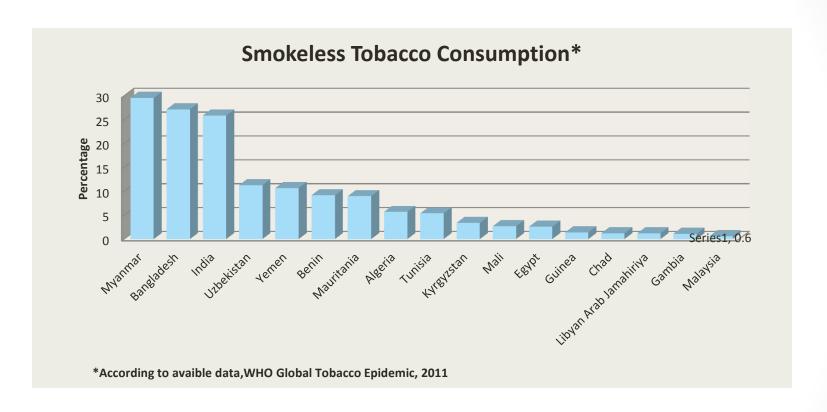




- Also Turkey has the highest amount in Member Countries with the 57332 tonnes, followed by Indonesia with 46892 tonnes, Malaysia with 14183 tonnes.
- Production and trade of the Tobacco has a very curicial position in economies of some of the Member Countries.

Smokeless Tobacco

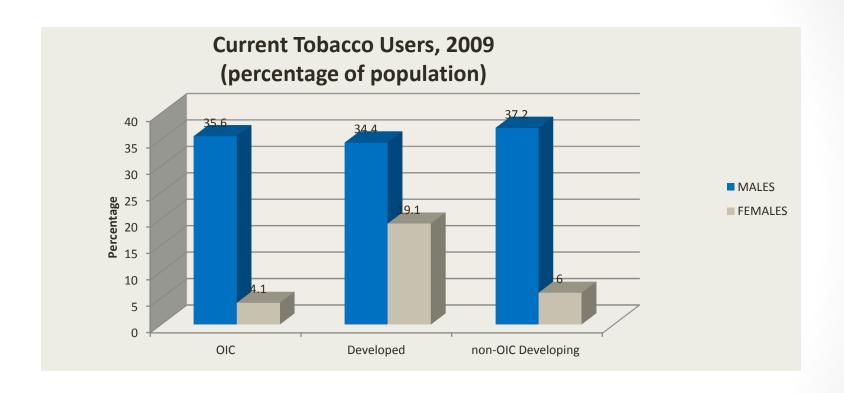




- Smokeless tobacco is one of the major challenges faced in process of the tobacco control policy implementation in Member Countries as in all over the world
- Main Challanges: Difficult to impose taxes, no regulation, high avaliability, lack of knowledge of hazards of smokeless tobacco products
- Not avaible data

Prevalence

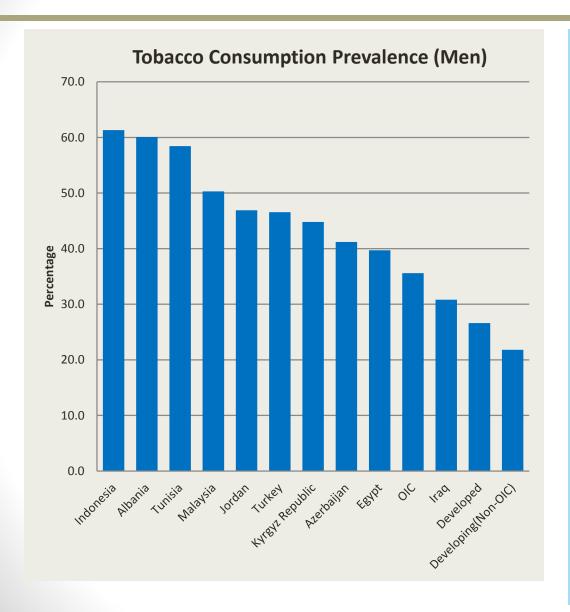




- Prevalence of Tobacco Consumption is highest in male population in Developing Countries, 37.2%
- Developed Countries has the highest prevalence rate in female with 19.1 % and OIC has the lowes rate with 4.1%

Prevalence

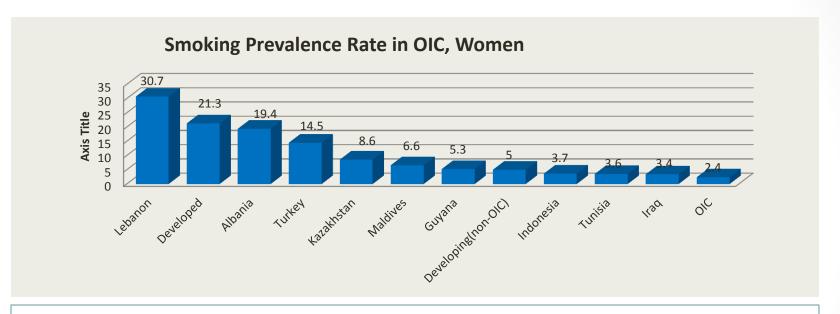




- Prevalence rate in male population in OIC
 Member Countries has highest rate (35.6%), relatively to the other groups; developed countries (26.6%) and developing countries (21.8%)
- Indonesia has the highest prevalence rate (61%) in Member Countries and has the 3rd rank in world
- Albania rank at 4rd in world with prevalence rate 60% and Tunisia 58% (8th) and Malaysia 50% (16th)

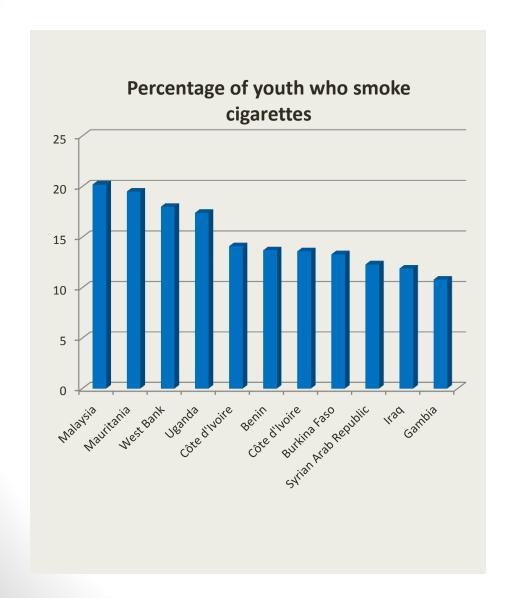
Prevalence





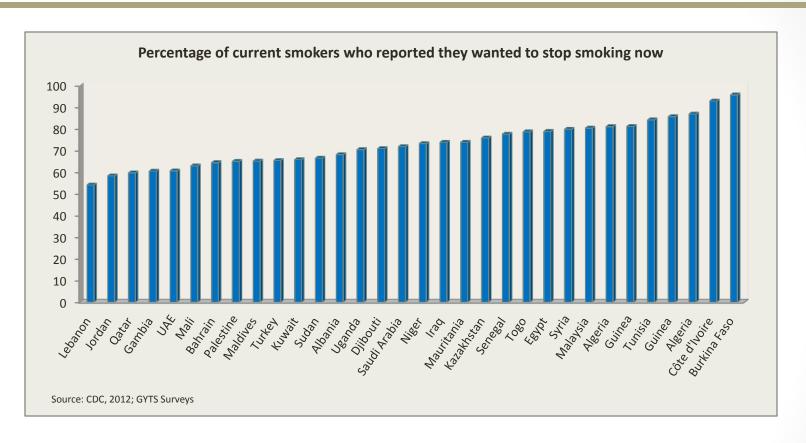
- Prevalence rate in female population in OIC Member Countries has lowest rate (2.4%), relatively to the other groups; developing countries (5%) and developed countries (21.3%)
- Lebanon has the highest prevalence rate (30.7%) in Member Countries and has the 3rd rank in world
- Albania rank at 4rd in world with prevalence rate 60% and Tunisia 58% (8th) and Malaysia 50% (16th)





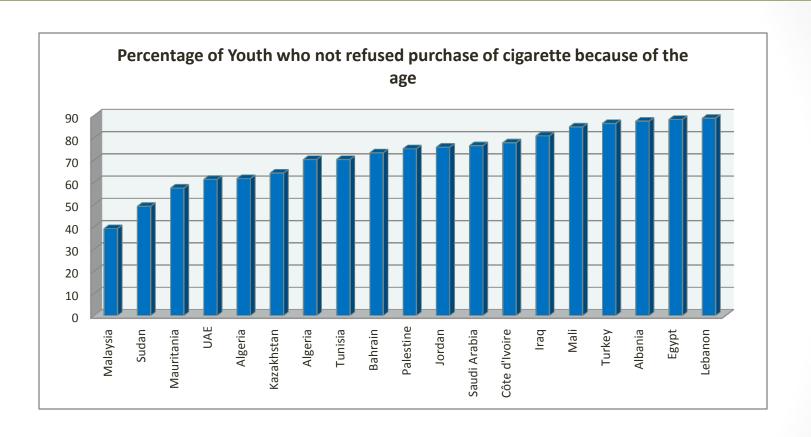
- Percentage of youth who smokes cigarettes is 20.2% in Malaysia (2003), 19.5 in Mauritania (2006), 18% in Palestine (2005) and 17.4 in Uganda (2002)
- In many OIC Member
 Countries girls smoke less than
 boys according to the surveys
- But unfurtunately given the the fact if a person starts smoking at a early age these rates are not being very promosing.





- In most of the Member Countries youth want to stop smoking
- Rate of willingness of quitting smoking increase 96% and generally observed above the 50%
- The most appropriate and effective means of the quiting smoking is needed in Member Countries

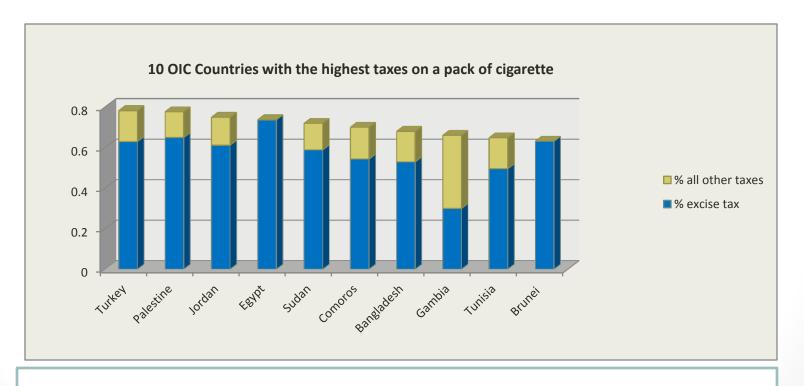




- Unfortunately, youth are not protected,
- In most of the Member Countries even if regulation on selling to people below 18 exists, they are not refused to purchase cigarettes.







 Taxation is one of the most effective way to prevent young people to initiate smoking due to the higher prices

