

## LABOUR STATISTICS

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#### **OBJECTIVES**

To share Malaysia's experience in the compilation and dissemination of labour statistics;

To share efforts undertaken to ensure timely production of the statistics, in view of growing as well as varied demands for labour statistics.

To get the feedback from OIC's members on the Malaysia's Labour Statistics based on their countries experiences.



#### DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

- ❖ DOSM was established in 1949 the statistics ordinance 1949 and known as bureau of statistics.
- ❖ In 1965, the name of Bureau of Statistics was changed to the Department of Statistics, Malaysia operating under the provisions of Statistics Act 1965. With the Statistics Act 1965 (Revised 1989), the main functions of DOSM are:



#### DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

To collect, interpret and disseminate statistics for the purpose of formulation or implementation of government policies in whatever fields as needed by the government or for fulfilling the requirements of trade, commerce, industry, agriculture or others.



#### DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

The Department of Statistics Malaysia is a premier government agency under the Prime Minister's Office. The department's headquarters located in the Federal **Government Administrative Center,** Putrajaya, state offices in every state and Operational offices set up in several states to further strengthen the data collection activities.



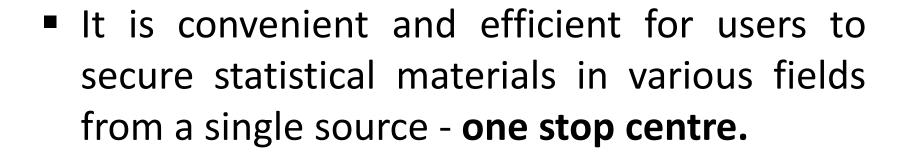
#### NATIONAL STATISTICAL SYSTEM

#### **Centralised Statistical System**

- Malaysia implements centralised statistical system whereby integrating the entire process of data collection, interpretation and dissemination is done under one roof.
- This system is applied by other developed countries through their national statistical agency such as Statistics Canada and Australian Bureau of Statistics.



#### NATIONAL STATISTICAL SYSTEM



However, line Agencies do conduct out their own surveys to fulfil specific micro-level needs.



## LABOUR FORCE SURVEY (LFS)

#### SOURCES OF LABOUR STATISTICS IN MALAYSIA





## Ministry of Human Resource (MOHR)

#### Household

- Labour Force Survey
- Migration Survey
- Informal Sector Survey
- Salaries & wagesSurvey
- Household Income Survey
- Household Expenditure Survey
- Population Census

#### **Establishment**

Economic Census/ Surveys

#### **Establishment**

National Employment Returns Survey

#### JobsMalaysia.com

- Registration of Job seekers
- Vacancies
- Placement



- To provide an insight on the employability of the working-age population employment, unemployment, under employment, outside the labour force - by various socio-demographic characteristics;
- Utilised as input for policy formulation, development planning and in the administration of the country.



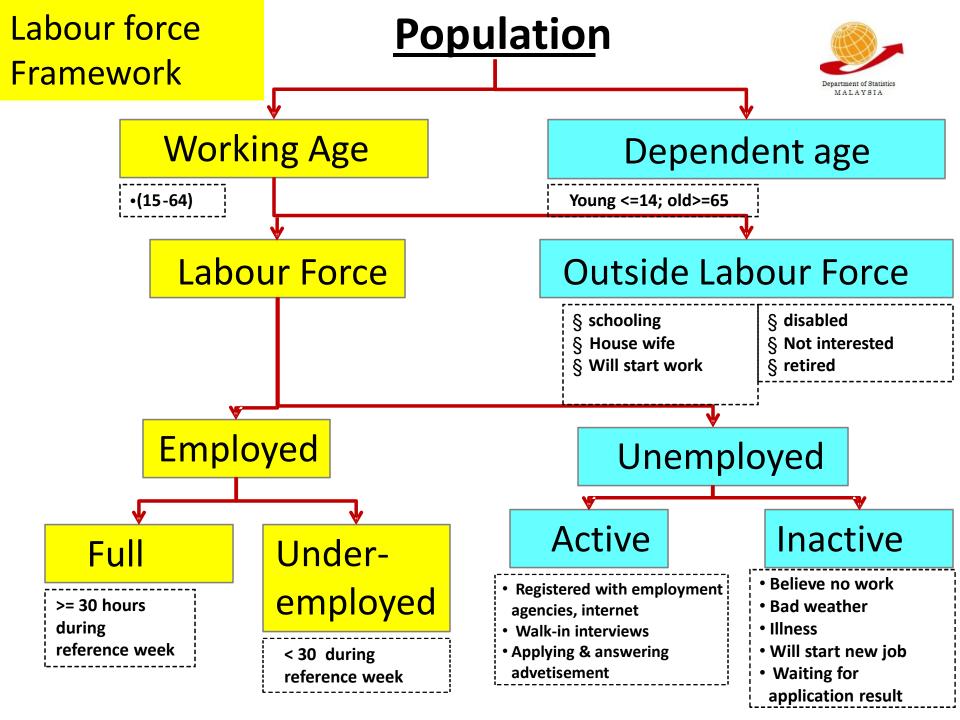
#### IMPLEMENTATION OF LFS

- Conducted annually with the Migration Survey since 1974 (with the exception of 1991 and 1994) through the household approach;
- Beginning 2004, it became a monthly survey



#### IMPLEMENTATION OF LFS

- Conducted with Salaries & Wages Survey from Jan-June 2007
- With Informal Sector Survey from July to December 2009





### METHODOLOGY & SCOPE

 A stratified Two-staged Sample Design is adopted using the probability proportionate to size (pps) approach.

- Two level of stratifications:
  - Primary stratum made up of all states in Malaysia
  - Secondary stratum made up of urban and rural stratum formed within the primary stratum



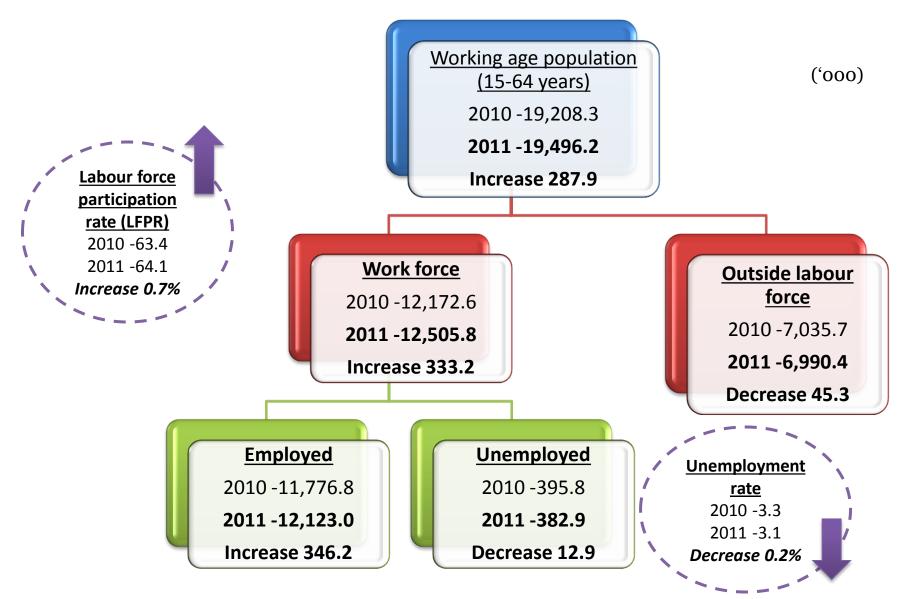
### METHODOLOGY & SCOPE

- Two Stages sampling design:
  - 1st Enumeration Block (EBs)
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> Living Quarters (LQ)

 The annual number of selected private LQ is approximately100,000 LQs



#### CORE STATISTICS OF LFS, MALAYSIA, 2010-2011





## Principal Statistics of Labour Force, Malaysia, December 2012



PRODUCER OF NATIONAL STATISTICS

#### Labour market in Malaysia in December 2012

Series 43 Vol.2/2013 February 2013

Indicator	Previous month		Same month of the previous year		
	December 2012	November 2012	Change (%)	December 2011	Change (%)
Labour force ('000)	13,034.7	13,020.6	0.1	12,804.9	1.8
Employed ('000)	12,600.6	12,639.4	-0.3	12,405.6	1.6
Unemployed ('000)	434.1	381.2	13.9	399.3	8.7
Outside labour force ('000)	7,030.5	6,982.0	0.7	7,020.3	0.1
Labour force participation rate (LFPR) (%)	65.0	65.1	-0.1	64.6	0.4
Unemployment rate (%)	3.3	2.9	0.4	3.1	0.2
Seasonally adjusted					
Unemployment rate (%)	3.4	3.0	0.4	3.2	0.2

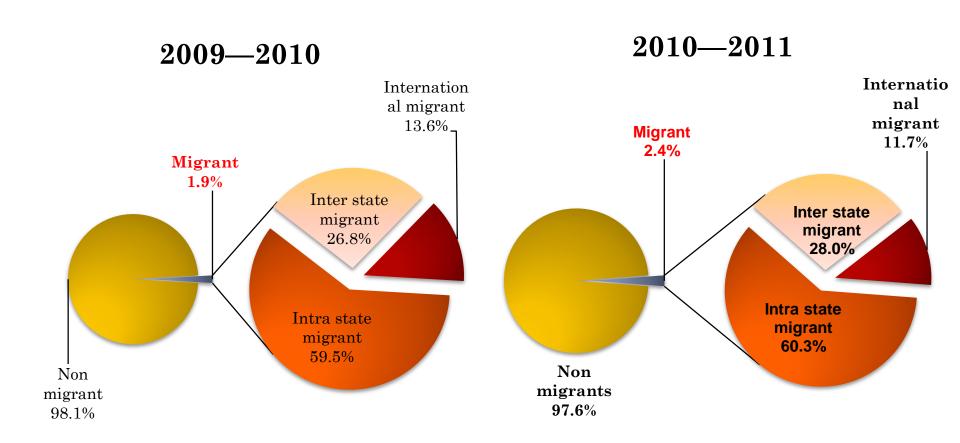


## MIGRATION SURVEY



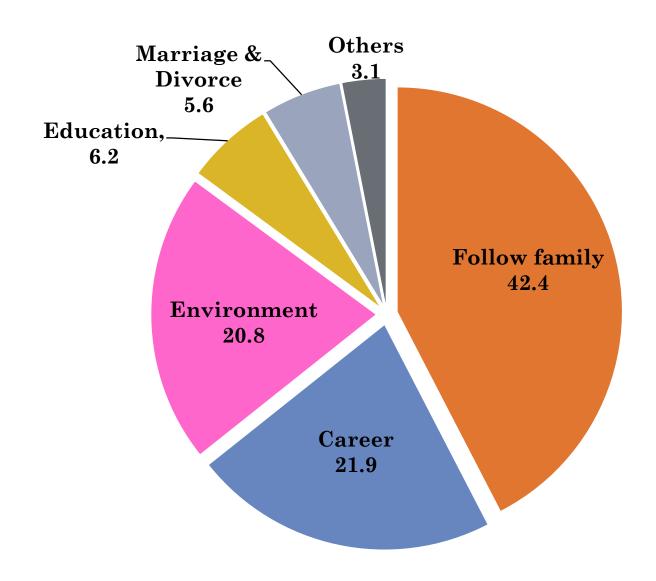
#### PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION BY MIGRATION STATUS







## PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MIGRANTS BY REASONS FOR MIGRATION, 2011

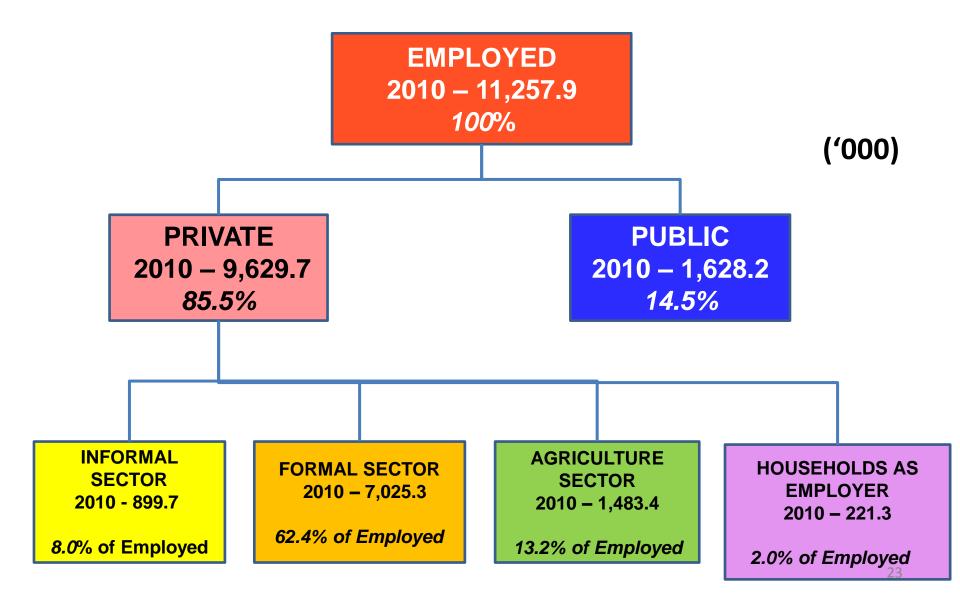




# INFORMAL SECTOR SURVEY



## SIZE OF THE INFORMAL SECTOR, MALAYSIA, 2011





# ECONOMIC SURVEY/CENSUS



#### **Introductions:**

- Collect information, contribution, composition, and distribution of the economy data.
- Data were approach by establishment.
- Main indicators such as are gross value of output, input transition, value added, total employees, salaries and wages and property value.



#### **Objectives:**

- Information obtained used as input for analyzing the economic situation
- Assist in the formulation of policies relating to planning, economic development and labour statistics
- In terms of labour statistics :
  - Measure Malaysia labour productivity
  - Composition on skill labour



## INDICATOR/STATISTICS: LABOUR FORCE STATISTICS VS ECONOMIC SURVEY

Department of Statistics MALAYSIA



MALAYSIA	
	Indicator/Statistics : LFS VS ES
<b>Labour Force Survey</b>	Number of labour force
	<ul> <li>Number of employment</li> </ul>
	• Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)
	Unemployment rate
<b>Economic Survey</b>	Number of employee and salaries & wages
	Number of emloyee by economic sector
	<ul> <li>Number of employee by gender</li> </ul>
	Number of employee by citizenship
	<ul> <li>Number of employee by job category</li> </ul>
	Number of employee by academic level
	• Man-hours worked



#### **ECONOMIC CENSUS 2011**

MALAYSIA

			Employment			
Sector	Number of Establishment	% Number of Establishment	Number of Employees		Average Monthly Salary (RM)	
			-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(******)	
Agriculture	8,829	1.3%	390,708	5.6%	1,059	
Manufacturing	39,669	6.0%	1,812,360	26.0%	2,040	
Construction	22,340	3.4%	974,488	14.0%	1,748	
Mining &						
quarrying	438	0.1%	32,216	0.5%	7,772	
Services*	591,137	91.8%	3,687,787	53.9%	2,126	
Total	662,939	100%	6,963,973	100%		

<sup>\*</sup>Notes: Includes the estimation data of Distributive Trade



#### LABOUR STATISTICS - INPUT FOR GOVERNMENT POLICY

# Information for policy and informed decision

- Assist government and policy makers for informed decision.
- The national labour market policy
- Investors and private sector



#### LABOUR STATISTICS - NPUT FOR GOVERNMENT POLICY

#### Example:

 Labour Force Survey (Household Approach) – used by the government to estimate average salaries & wages and formulation Minimum Wages Policy.



#### LABOUR STATISTICS - INPUT FOR GOVERNMENT POLICY

#### Example:

Economic Survey
 (Establishment Approach) –
 used by the government to
 estimate the country labour
 productivity and create
 policies related to Human
 Capital Development.



#### LABOUR STATISTICS - INPUT FOR GOVERNMENT POLICY

#### Example:

• LFS gives the labour statistics from Supply perspective while Economic Survey provides labour statistics from Demand perspective. Thus, with this ample information together with the new launched survey (Job Creation), the right and relevant policy can be made.



## MOVING EORWARD



## JOB CREATION SURVEY

**Quarterly survey** 

Data Items :

Job vacancies during the reference quarter

All economic sectors under 12 National Key Economic Area (NKEA)

Number of persons engaged during the reference quarter



## JOB CREATION SURVEY

#### **Indicator Job Creation Survey** Newly created jobs each **JOB CREATION SURVEY** (QUARTERLY month during the reference **EMPLOYMENT SURVEY)** quarter **Total Separations** (turnover) for each month during the reference quarter: - Quits - Other Reasons



## JOB CREATION SURVEY

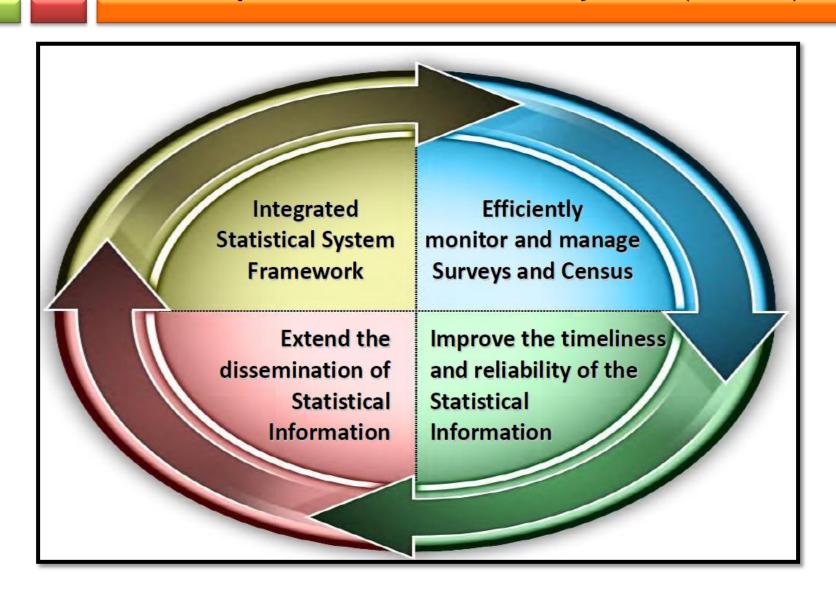
Department of Statistics		Indicator Job Creation Survey
		<ul> <li>Breakdown of newly created jobs according to the job category</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>List of occupation newly created jobs specification in the Managerial &amp; Professional and Technical &amp; Supervisory category.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Expected number of new jobs to be created for the next two years</li> </ul>



# ENHANCING ICT

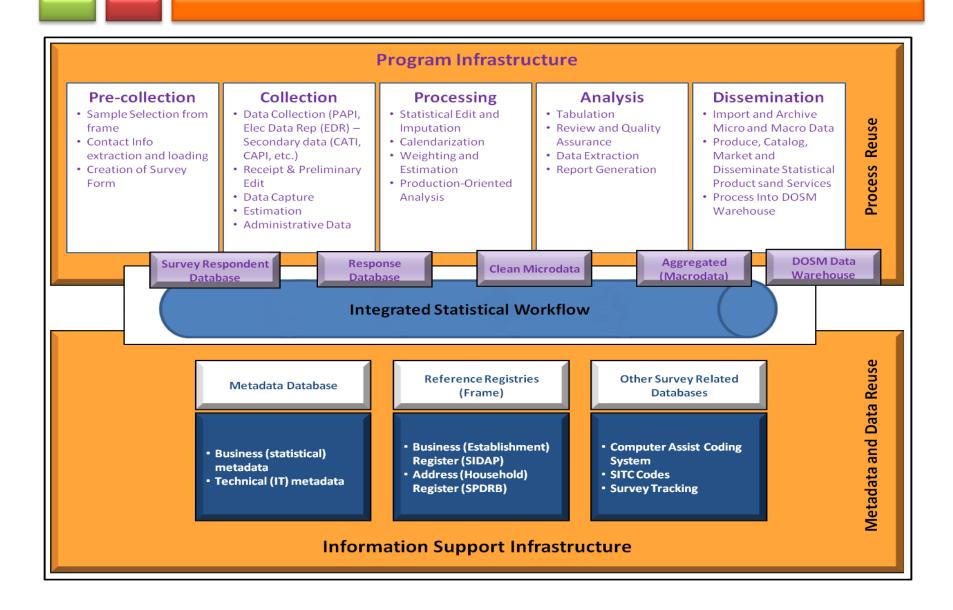


## BEST PRACTICES: TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT - National Enterprise-Wide Statistical System (NEWSS)





#### BEST PRACTICES: TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT - NEWSS





# DISSEMINATION



## ONLINE DISSEMINATION

Department of Statis MALAYSIA



- ✓ Providing free downloading facility
- ✓ Updated based on latest information
- ✓ Provides useful links to other relevant organisations
- ■Launched a web portal : DOSM e-Services (Starting 2<sup>nd</sup> April 2013)

#### Website link :

https://newss.statistics.gov.my/newssportalx/ep/epLogin.seam



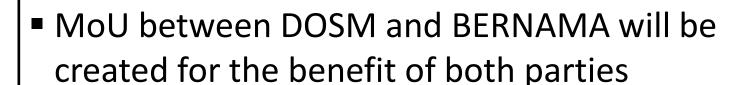


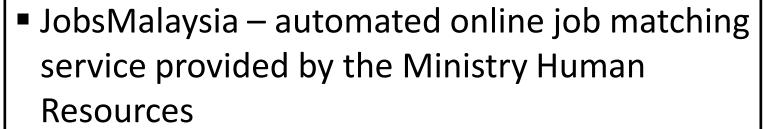






## ONLINE DISSEMINATION





#### Website link:

http://www.jobsmalaysia.gov.my/jcs/index.faces











# WEB PORTAL



Welcome to the fast link of the Department of Statistics Malaysia official portal.

Please click the icon below for a faster and speedy communication with us.

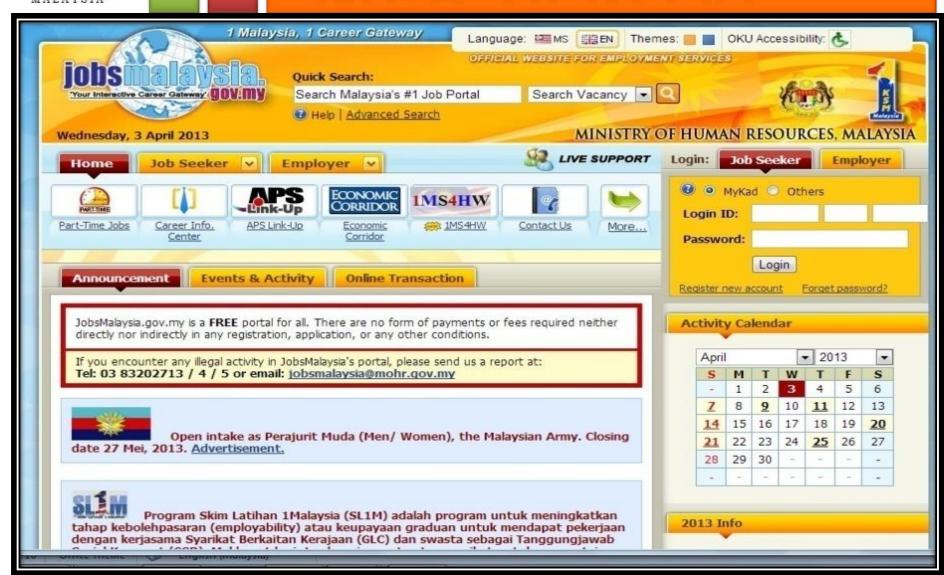
Selamat datang ke pautan pintas portal rasmi Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia.
Sila klik ikon di bawah untuk komunikasi yang lebih cepat dan pantas.



DOSM e-Services



# WEB PORTAL





## E-SERVICES





## DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA e-Services

e-Services provides online services as follows:

- 1. Registration Facility
- 2. Free Download
- 3. Advance Release Calendar
- 4. E-mail Notifications on Latest Publications to all Registered Subscribers
- 5. Purchase or Subscription of Publications
- 6. Unpublished Data Request
- 7. Monitoring of Users' Transaction Status
- 8. Online Payment (Credit Card)
- 9. Feedback Facility
- 10. Monthly Manufacturing Survey Facility MM e-Survey

Starting 2 April 2013

To register, please click here or go to home page > Online Services > e-Services



## PRODUCT & TYPE OF ANALYSIS



#### Monthly Labour Force Indicators

Quarterly Labour Force Survey Report



Annual Labour Force Survey Report









### PRODUCT & TYPE OF ANALYSIS

#### LFS Special Release

(Discusses selected and current issues of labour market situation)



State Labour Force Time Series



Key Indicator of Labour

Market (KILM)





#### CONCLUSION

- In line with the demands for timely and nonconventional data requirements, DOSM is continuously upgrading its efforts to meet these demands;
- The needs of the expectation from stakeholder: increasingly diversify and dynamic. Hence need to be proactive. Recently, DOSM has been tasked to launch a new survey. i.e Survey of Job Creation;

#### CONCLUSION

- Efforts are also underway to foster working relationship with various users, such as having "meet the respondents" sessions with both the Establishments as well as representatives of housing areas to create a better comprehension of the data required and improve response rates;
- The implementation of the NEWSS platform is a continuous effort, targeting the execution of all 70 surveys to be on board;
- More products will be made available on line.



# THANK YOU

www.statistics.gov.my