







# Indonesian Youth Employment Network-IYEN "JEJAKMU"

(Jeraring Lapangan Kerja bagi Kaum Muda)

National Development Planning Agency, Minister of Youth and Indonesia Chamber of Commerce and Industry
INDONESIA



## Background



- IYEN is a platform for the promotion of youth employment countrywide.
- Indonesia became a Lead Country of the Youth Employment network (YEN) in March 2002 when it joined a group of countries that had committed to tackling the youth employment challenge at the highest level.
- The potential of I-YEN to contribute to youth employment has not yet been fully explored
- IYEN was previously coordinated under the Coordinating Ministry for Economic Affairs (CMEA). To strengthen the institution, in 2010 IYEN secretariat was moved to BAPPENAS (National Development Planning Agencies)
- The centre point for activities to promote youth employment and for knowledge and experience sharing among the government, private sector, civil society, academia, local communities, and youth group



#### **INDONESIAN YOUTH EMPLOYMENT**

## NETWORK (IYEN): Main Role



- To formulate a National Youth Employment Action Plan;
- To provide guidance and support to the preparation and implementation of action programmes both at the provincial and district levels;
- To facilitate partnership and to establish network with various parties who are concerned with youth employment;
- 4. To mobilize support from international network and organizations;
- 5. To mobilize resources in support of the action programmes;
- To monitor and evaluate and provides feed back regarding action programmes to the cabinet.



## IYEN KEY SERVICES



- Facilitate partnership and to establish network with various parties who are concerned with youth employment.
- IYEN has engaged government, employers' organizations, worker's unions, as well as youth groups since 2002, in the efforts to mainstream youth employment in the country's development agenda.
  - → Create AN INTER MINISTERIAL PLATFORM to better coordinate youth employment policies and programs



# ISSUES OF YOUTH UNEMPLOYMENT IN INDONESIA



- High unemployment among educated-youth may be caused by (1) unmatched skill and educational background of labor supply with the demand; (2) unmet competency requirement; (3) personal judgement (picking the right job with the right salary).
- Almost the same with the rest age groups, only 28,60% of working-youth work in formal economic activities.
- Youth employment is not addressed in particular in MTDP because the targets of the policies are mostly youth → so the main focus is the creation of productive and decent employment opportunities through investment, laborintensive industries, SMEs promotion.



## How We Go About This



# <u>First</u>, IYEN decided that policy should be organized around five pillars:

- Policy for youth employment
- 2. Skills for employability
- 3. Demand-based apprenticeship
- 4. Entrepreneurship skills development
- 5. Knowledge sharing

#### Second, with this principle, IYEN developed IYEAP.

- Minimizes Overlaps.
- Sesponsibility for Funding in Each Ministry is Clear.



## WHAT IS IYEAP?



- Indonesia Youth Employment Action Plan
- → Developed by IYEN supported by ILO
- → Indonesia was one of the first nations to volunteer to be "a lead' country in the UN Secretary-General's Youth Employment Network (YEN)
- → YEN was created within the framework of the Millennium Declaration, a partnership between UN, World Bank, and ILO



#### INDONESIA YOUTH EMPLOYMENT ACTION PLAN

## **OBJECTIVES**:



- To identify key issues and challenges faced by young women and men in their transition from educational institutions to the workplace;
- To acknowledge that many policies, programs and activities already exist and to provide a platform for the sharing of information and knowledge at the national, provincial and district levels that will enrich the various initiatives already being undertaken;
- 3. To set priorities for action by policymakers and other stakeholders;
- 4. To demonstrate the need for, and benefits of, an integrated approach to addressing the youth employment challenge;
- To provide a set of policy recommendations that can contribute to the creation of quality jobs, thereby reducing unemployment, underemployment and the numbers of young people living and working in poverty;



#### INDONESIA YOUTH EMPLOYMENT ACTION PLAN

### **OBJECTIVES:**



- 6. To stimulate involvement by individuals and groups of stakeholders in processes and programs that directly and indirectly contribute to the generation of more and better jobs for young men and women;
- To urge provincial and district level governments to address mainstream youth employment issues through economic and social policies, strategies and programs at the provincial and district levels; and
- 8. To encourage young men and women to participate in dialogue and collective action as a necessary prerequisite for an accurate and effective response.



# SOME EXAMPLES OF THE ACTION PLAN



#### 1. Policy for youth employment

National Development Planning Agency: Incorporate youth employment goals in national and regional level policy making and review labor market regulations to ensure facilitate greater opportunities for young workers.

#### 2. Skills for Employability

MONE: Making education affordable to the poor and improve the quality of education.

MOMT: Develop a National Qualification Framework and strengthen the network of vocational education and training centers of excellent.

#### 3. Fostering Entrepreneurship:

Coordinating Ministry for Economy: Make it easier to start and run your own business and strengthen micro-finance which reflect the needs of youth.

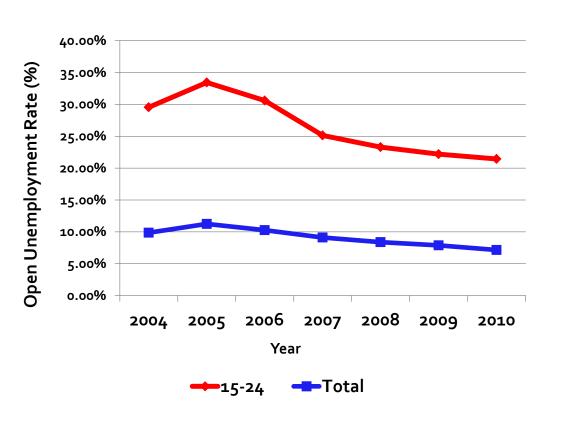
#### 4. Knowledge sharing :

Platform for government entities to share their policies on youth or share their youth-related programmes and activities.



#### **ACIHIEVEMENT IN FIGURES**





- Youth (15-24 years old) unemployment rate is declining, in August 2010 is around 22%.
- Although it is still higher than National open unemployment rate which is 8,39%.
- Up to 48,25% of youth unemployment have higher educational background (senior high school and above).



## IYEN – Looking Forward



- Developing key strategies for youth employment together with the Vice President office
- Strengthening the secretariat (consultant from the ILO Jakarta Office and a YEN associate in May 2011)
- Coordination activities (according to the work plan) with the stakeholders as has been prioritize in the last coordination meeting
- Continue to work as effective coordinating mechanism for youth employment
- Establish joint work with Plan International



## IYEN – Funding mechanism



- Currently the operational cost for the IYEN Secretariat was borne by the Institution that hosted the Secretariat (National Development Planning Agency)
- Limited human and financial resources as there is no separate budget for Jejakmu
- Ad-hoc support for technical assistance were provided by different organizations
- In the future, funding mechanism need to be discussed I more detail with the other government agencies.
- Our priority is to engage the stakeholders first, and to discuss possible funding mechanism at a later stage



## IYEN – JEJAKMU



- JEJAKMU Jejaring Lapangan Kerja bagi Kaum Muda
- ILO provided support for a knowledge sharing platform:
- http://jejakmu.bappenas.go.id/
- Platform for government entities to share their policies on youth or share their youthrelated programmes and activities.

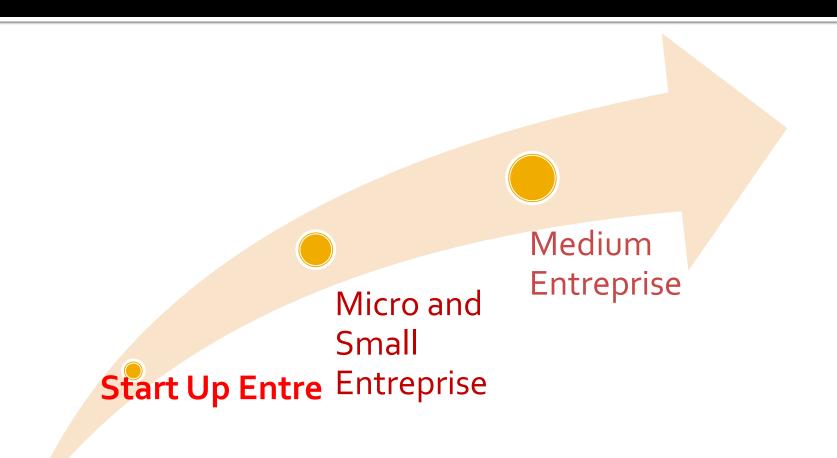
# Development of Competence Human Capital through synergy among Business, Education and Training Facing Globalization Challenging

Indonesia Rathoyo Rasdan, Iftida Yasar. M.Abbas Iqbal Ankara, Jnuari 11, 2012

## **Back Ground**

- Law no1/1987 about Chambers of Commerce and Industry (Kadin)
   (74): Role of Kadin on Implementation of Education, Training and other benefit activities on behalf of supporting and developing Indonesian entrepreneur.
- Synergy among University, Business and Industry to raise competitiveness and National Independence
- To enlarge and strengthen networking of BIG (Business-Intelectual and Government) through Innovation, Research (Public Private Partnership) and Human Capital Development and Entrepreneurship
- Implementation on Research to be related into development of entrepreneurship and base on competence

## **ENTREPRENEURIAL JOURNEY**



## Competency Infrastructure in Indonesia

- National Training Center should develop good cooperation with industry
- Link and Match among education with National Training
   Center
- Strong coordination among education and industry on mapping develop needs
- Synergize among research topic with industry needs
- Labor organization from it's professional member to develop people standard competence

#### Development fastener of people competence BKSP+ INFORMATION OF JOB MARKET **CERTIFICATIO** TRAINING **HUMAN RESOURCES** N EEDS **NEEDS NEEDS** TRAINING AND **PROFESSION EDUCIATION ASOCIATION CURRICULUM** SKKNI + KKNI (Lembaga Intermediasi) **MATERY MATERY TEST** TRAINEE **TtRAINING INFRASTRUCTURE** COMPETENCE **TEST PLACE** LEARB PROCESS **BNSP TEST PROCESS IN SCHOOL** ASSESTMENT PROCESS BY LSP / PTUK **COMPETENT HUMAN DEVELOP** Suggest for Chamberassociation/BKSP kepada BAPPENAS, DEPDIKNAS, 19 JOB MARKET INDUSTRY **DEPNAKER**

#### FASTENER AND SINERGITY Goverment: **INDUSTRY:** -EducationDept. -Chamber--ManPowerDept. association -IndustryDep **LUNION** Competence -Technical Dept.2 Human Develop -Association (Priority Sectors) Industry eurship -Workers -Profession Expert -Entrepreneurs Proposal of the World Industry

## Program Chamber-association in corporate with univercity

- To develop blue print Business Intellectual Government
- To develop house of packaging UIB (Indonesia Packaging Association)
- To be a mentor in entrepreneurship program in univercity(UPI,UII, ITS, USU,UNHAS,UI) trough of chamber in province an national level and also workshop, seminar
- Trainee of trainer for entrepreneurship lecturer
- Confency subject BIG
- National confency and sinergy BIG
- Strategic mapping in univercity

## Conclution

- Globalization is apart of our life such as Asean-China FTA is a opportunity where market open for 1,9 billion peoples, how we can increase and focus of Indonesian products
- To be profetional an acording with industrial needs by doing CBT (Competence Based Training)
- Coorporate between government trough education dan industry that already fastener competent trainee program.
- Develop country character
   Enterpreneurship, honest, diciplint, independent, creatif creative dan inovatif and support and used Indonesian products
- Balance between Hak dan Kewajiban dalam pelaksanaan Hubungan Industrial, agar tercipta lapangan pekerjaan baru, mengurangi pengangguran.
- Develop compete n human resource with national standard and international to fade Globalization

## SUGGESTION

- Human Resources Development on character building is the only answer to face glbalization and Competitiveness
- Investor will come by themselves if there is a competent human recourse
- Human Resourced integrated between education and need of industry is a must
- Support and used Indonesian products to fastener industry develop





## THANKYOU



